Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

VOL. XV. BELLEFONTE, PA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1883. NO. 39.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

For State Treasurer,
WILLIAM LIVSEY, of Allegheny County.

For Auditor General,
JEROME B. NILES, of Tioga County.

COUNTY

For Associate Judge,
CHRISTIAN DALE, Sr., of College township

For District Attorney.
H. H. HARSHBERGER, of Bellefonte.

For County Surveyor,
S. D. RAY, of Bellefonte.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

The moon will be partly eclipsed before midnight on the 15th.

The king of Spain is a pretty small character to start a war about.

The only way to cure Hoadly's malaria is to bury him beneath a pile of votes.

The Salvation Army seems to be almost as much of a disturbing element as a boiler explosion.

Richmond and Cincinnati have joined in the crusade against the circulation of obscene literature.

State Senator Smiley is dangerously ill at his home in Perry county. His malady is that which caused the death of Judge Black.

The Republican party will continue as it began to pay the State's debts, to care for the soldiers' orphan, to reduce taxes, to make Pennsylvania a synonym for honesty and economy.

"Disy," the local scribe of the *Democrat*, groans in agony of spirit because as candidate for county surveyor, he is a creature of Centre county Democratic bossism.

A New York paper publishes a list of over four hundred persons who are worth a million dollars or more each. The paper does not tell how it has verified its assertion.

Orders have been issued by the French minister of foreign affairs to prevent the Salvation army from holding meetings in France. If they persist they are to be ejected from the Republic.

One day last month there was received at Duluth by rail, two hundred thousand bushels of wheat. The wheat came from the Red river valley, and it required four hundred and thirty cars to transport it.

If a special tax has to be laid to raise revenue to pay the ten-dollar-a-day men at Harrisburg, the people will get a clear idea of what was meant by the Democratic cry of reform! It looks that way now.

Lieutenant Governor Black has consented to be the biographer of his father, the late Judge Black. A more competent person could not have been assigned to the task, and in the hands of the lieutenant-governor the work will be well done.

The Chinese are going. One powder mill in California was blown up three times, and each time took about forty celestials along with it. At this rate the Chinese population of the golden state will soon show a decrease.

A rose farm is a new industry in Georgia, and was started two years ago by two gardeners, who planted three acres of rose trees. During the present year they have sold over 20,000 trees, and had orders for 30,000 more than they could fill. The trees meet with a ready sale. The object of the industry is to offer better inducements to purchasers than is offered by foreign dealers. It is estimated that over half a million trees are annually imported to this country from Europe. The Georgia experiment proves that the climate of that state is better adapted to the cultivation of the rose tree than that of Southern France.

Cost of Electric Light.

An important question in Bellefonte just now is the cost of electric light. It has often been compared with the cost of gas to the disparagement of the latter. A recent veto message from the mayor of Buffalo, N. Y., to the councils of that city which had passed a resolution authorizing the introduction of electric light along certain thoroughfares, contains some wisdom on the subject. We copy it from the *Water Gas Journal*, published at Philadelphia, as follows:

As I learn from the parties concerned, it is not disputed that the interval between electric lamps should be 400 feet, and that the usual and proper intervals between gas street lamps should be 125 feet. There may be some exceptions to this rule, but the average distances are, as I am assured, as here stated. Different theories of computation have been adopted, but here is a basis of simple, ascertainable facts, viz: The number of electric lights to be furnished in a given district and the number of gas lamps in the same district. This being ascertained, there is no longer any question as to the comparative costs. It thus appears:

Whole distance of streets to be lighted 65,700 feet. Divide this by 400 feet, the intervals between the electric lights and gives the number of lights at 164.

Cost of each electric light per year, $200.75.

One hundred and sixty-four electric lights at $200.75 gives the total cost per year $32,923.

Again:—

Divide the whole distance as above stated by 125 feet, the interval between the gas lamps, and it gives the whole number of lamps 526.

Five hundred and twenty-six gas lamps at $26.45 each per year as proposed by the gas companies, $13,912.

Making the camparative cost per year:

Electric light	$32,923
Gas lamps	13,912
Difference per year	$19,011

I have given this matter the most careful consideration, and I am confident that the above is as nearly a correct statement as it is practicable to obtain. It is based, as will be seen, upon the number of electric lights and gas lamps actually to be used and cannot be changed by suggestions founded upon mere speculation and conjecture; and it is but the comparative expenses of these two modes of lighting the public streets. * * * In your resolution of May 14, which was disapproved by me, you provided for lighting a certain district at an expense of over $9000 more than it could have been lighted for with gas, and now as you comment on the reasons given for disapproving the resolution you have adopted another resolution describing another district which you provide for lighting with electric lights *at a cost of nearly* $20,000 *more than it could be lighted for with gas!* and though the district is confined mainly to a particular part of the city, this large sum would under the provisions of the city charter, virtually have to be raised by a general tax on the whole city. * * * I am not advised, gentlemen, of the reasons controlling your actions in adopting your resolution, nor can I even conjecture what they may have been. With a certain few exceptions all the lighted parts of the city are lighted with gas, and this has generally been found qute sufficient for the needs of the public.

The late lamented Earl of Beaconsfield would be more regretfully mourned if it were not that his counterpart in appearance exists in the person of Artiste Augustine of the *Democrat*. Look at that long aquiline nose; it breathes the very essence of flowery perfume and is elevated beyond the degree usually accorded to mortals. Then scrutinize those severely classical features; that lofty forehead. Those who have seen the late Disraeli in the flesh would be astonished at the similarity of the resemblance. Now that Disy has dropped his earthly habiliments we cannot speak with perfect assurance, but a few more week's work on the *Democrat* will make Artiste sufficiently spirituelle to resemble even the prime minister's ghost.

The public debt was decreased $14,707,229.11 for September, which was good enough. The debt now stands at $1,521,811,536,98, with less cash in the treasury.

Effect of the New Tariff Laws.

The disputed question as to whether the reductions made by the new tariff and internal revenue laws passed by the late session of Congress would really reduce the government revenues, says the Philadelphia *Times*, may be considered definitely settled. The changes having all been in effect three months and the internal revenue reductions five months, a comparison of the revenues for the corresponding first quarters of the two years, 1882 and 1883, is available.

During the quarter ending September 30, 1882, the customs receipts amounted to $66,729,149 and for the corresponding quarter of the present year they were $57,281,965, showing a falling off from this source of $9,447,184. For the same period in 1882 the internal taxes produced $38,449,961, as against $28,912,441 the present year, a falling off of $9,537,520. The receipts from miscellaneous sources during the same periods were $9,869,817 and $7,136,305 respectively, or a decrease of $2,733,512. This exhibit shows the total decrease in receipts for the quarter, as compared with the same period for 1882, to have been $19,718,000, or at the rate of $79,000,000 per annum. The decrease in miscellaneous receipts appears to have been mainly due to falling off in the sales and entries of public lands, the receipts from this source having been unprecedentedly large last year. The expenditures during the same period fell off about $2,000 000, leaving a net excess of receipts over expenditures of $15,120,000, as against $32,800,000 last year, a falling off of $17,680,000. At this rate the excess of receipts for the year would amount to $60,480,000, as against about $140,000,000 last year.

These figures are well worthy the careful perusal of every business man in the country. They show first that the new tariff and revenue laws have done just what Judge Kelley and others claimed they would—reduced the surplus revenues from seventy to eighty millions annually. They indicate also that if the surplus is to be further reduced it should be by the further reduction of the internal revenue rather than by any changes in the tariff, as the country is but just getting adjusted to the changes already made and should not be put on the ragged edge again for a good long while. Members of congress will do well to study these figures carefully and learn from them the lesson of letting well enough alone.

The French and Spanish Fuss.

The principal trouble in the French and Spanish imbroglio is apparently a matter of popular agitation. The French government has of course promptly disavowed the inimical attitude of the French mob, while Alfonso has courteously declared that he does not consider the hostile demonstration of Saturday an indication of the sentiment of the French nation. But the Spanish heart has been fired by the insult to their King and the popular demand that the French government be called upon to apologize will not smooth matters at all. It is a curious illustration of the fatuity which seems to Govern European politics, that two countries are likely to be driven into a quarrel by popular extravagances, with which the respective governments have no sympathy. That is a not impossible result of the present complication; and while Germany innocently disavows all intention to make trouble by that unfortunate colonel's commission there is little doubt that she will be ready to avail herself of any advantage which she may get from the troubles of the other two nations. In the present unsettled state of affairs in Europe all is fish that comes into Bismarck's net.

Contrary to expectations the demands for postal notes far exceeds anticipations of the postoffice department, and is steadily on the increase. Seven clerks are kept busy at Washington in cancelling those that have been paid, and they are arriving in such increased numbers that the force will soon have to be enlarged.

Labor's Burden.

In each of the numerous clashes between labor and capital we instinctively sympathize with the former. Labor is entitled to the sympathy of every disinterested person. While we are all laborers, the larger number of us are comparatively independent, but the class is numerous which, by force of circumstance, cannot be independent but is compelled to work on day after day without any relief. They ruin health and give up life in the service of a heartless employer. It is for this reason that we give what publicity we can to the following story published in the Williamsport *Gazette and Bulletin*, and hope that it will awaken the indignation of all who read it:

"A case of inhumanity, less than slavery, has just been brought to light in New Jersey, where two hundred young girls, from fourteen to twenty years of age, are compelled to labor in a woolen mill from 6:45 in the morning until 8 at night. They are allowed three-quarters of an hour for dinner, which is too short a time to allow many of them to go home to their meals. The greater portion of them bring a lunch to the mill. From a quarter of 1 until 8 in the evening they work with only five minutes rest at 6 o'clock, when the other employes quit work and the engine has to be stopped for a few minutes. They have to work these hours five days in a week, being dismissed two hours earlier on Saturdays and are paid at the rate of one day's wages per week for overtime. Their pay varies from three to seven dollars per week. A few days ago several of the girls declared they were unable to do the work, and they were promptly discharged, but were afterwards taken back upon promising to do the work. The mills are situated at Trenton and are operated by a man named Wilson. When such tasks are imposed upon the poor there is no reason why the laboring classes should not be dissatisfied, as it is impossible for them to be otherwise. Slavery in New Jersey should be abolished."

They will Conclude to Adjourn.

Mr. Niles has sounded the keynote of the Republican campaign in this State by a speech in which figures show that the Republicans are entitled to 18 out of 28 Congressmen. The argument is an able presentation of the actual facts of the situation. In the meantime it is reported that the Democratic leaders are beginning to perceive that the longer they keep the Legislature in session the worse it will be for them. Perhaps Mr. Niles' speech has had considerable influence in aiding that conclusion. At all events the rumor that the Governor contemplates exercising his power of proroguing the Legislature until next January seems to open a way out of the difficulty. It is argued against such a step that it would be a confession of the Governor's mistake in calling the extra session. But the fact is plain to the whole State that the Governor was wrong in supposing that the Republicans could be forced to agree to any Democratic schemes of apportionment. Adjourn, then, and confess your failure. The Democratic party must go.

Sitting Bull's quandary, which has postponed his reception into the Church, namely, his inability to decide which of his two wives to turn adrift, is less discreditable to the famous chief than some past exploits which cost him no doubts or scruples. It has been rumored that the Indian Office desires to enforce monogamy on the reservations to the extent of punishing any Indian who will not put away every one of his wives except one wife. Should this plan ever be carried out, the Commissioner would have all the business on hand that he could attend to.

This is a Statesman.

The Democrats are given to blunders, but none of their blunders equal the neglect of their great men. They allow their great statesmen to wander about without labels on their collars, and which of them are statesmen and which not is one of the things no common fellow can find out. Mr. Thurman has lately made a speech in Ohio, some report of which has reached the eastern public. Having carefully read the reports we are constrained to ask if Mr. Thurman is a statesman? If he is, why not label him as a statesman, so that the uninformed public can know a statesman when he makes a speech?

Nobody would suspect Mr. Thurman of statesmanship after reading his speech. Yet he has been a Senator of the United States, and one of the most popular Senators ever in the chamber. But now he comes forward and says that the political complexion of the government ought to be changed every four years; that two terms is bad, very bad, but that more would be pure despotism. The Republicans have been in power 22 years, in which time they have made freedom and suffrage universal, whereas for seventy years they have been partial. The people have five times within that period assembled at the polls and decided to continue the Republicans in control. The people are supposed to govern themselves in this country. But if Mr. Thurman is right the people are despots and their government is a pure despotism. We suppose this is statesmanship, and we suppose Mr. Thurman is a statesman. The question that occurs to us as proper to be put to him is—"Do you think four years of Democratic rule would be as much as the country could stand?" Wouldn't it be too much?—*Phil'a North American.*

Mr. Merritt, our Consul-General in London, has sent a report to the State Department on the great "Bradford Estate," amounting to $100,000,000, lying in the vaults of the Bank of England. This sum was deposited in the Bank by Mr. Bradford, the first Governor of Plymouth Colony, a couple of hundred years ago, subject to check, whether for the purpose of using it for speculation in stocks or some other object, is not now known. Mr. Merritt asked Mr. S. O. Gray, the chief accountant of the bank about it, and Mr. Gray, of course, denied all knowledge of any such money. He says: "There is no unclaimed stock or money recorded in the books of the bank in the name of Governor William Bradford, nor is there, so far as I am aware, any foundation for the assertion that there is." The foundation for the assertion is that Governor Bradford left heirs behind him who have grown into a numerous family and they want the money. They should, however, not be at all discouraged by Mr. Gray's disclaimer. The bank never admits the existence of deposits of this character.

The efforts of Governor Hamilton to induce his Democratic followers in Maryland to join him in turning their own rascals out have not been successful. A few weeks ago the Governor showed in a public letter that his party had been committing gross abuses in the administration of the State's affairs, had stolen large sums of money from the treasury, and had increased the public expenditures by unnecessary additions to the lists of State employees. None of his statements have been controverted, or even disputed. The party has "ignored" them. Its delegates met in Convention last week, nominated a new candidate for Governer, and resolved that the election this year was most 'momentous' because of its effect upon the national contest of next year. An attempt to have an endorsement of Governor Hamilton's course incorporated in the platform received only ten votes.

GENERAL NOTES.

Amelia Young, an Oshkosh girl, married a man who said he was building a house, supposing him rich. And now she learns that he assisted the architect by carrying bricks in a hod.

Nine ticket speculators are now sitting upon campstools in front of the Starr Theatre, New York, three days ahead of time, in order to capture all the best seats during Henry Irving's engagement.

There are no nice stories about the return of "The Prodigal Daughter." The son can return and have the finest veal served up for him; but the daughter must stay away. Daughters are weak and it is not fashionable to forgive them.

A sale of children recently took place, after the fashion of the old Southern sales, at Oldham, in Lancashire. The first lot was a child 3 years old, described as beautiful as an angel and neatly dressed. He was purchased by an old lady for 12 cents.

Michael Mayor, of Robeson, Pa., intending to examine the tubers in his potato patch, dug up what seemed to be a stone. It was the shell of a mammoth potato which a mouse had bored out, and in which the rodent had made a soft nest that contained a number of young mice.

The Worcester (Mass.) town records show that in 1779 a 6-year-old boy had his ear bitten off by a horse, and the selectman drew up a certificate showing the manner of the injury and recorded it on the town books, so that the loss should not be prejudicial to the boy when he grew up.

Tradition says that beer was first made at Penusium, on the Nile, 400 years B. C.; but nowadays only a crude kind of barley is made by the natives in Egypt. There is, however a brewery in Cairo, owned by a Geneva company, and worked on the German system, which can turn out 400 barrels a day.

A singular accident happened in Jefferson N. H., recently. A young lady out driving was passed by a coach on the way to the depot. The driver accidentally threw the lash of his whip so that it caught in her hair and earrings. She was thrown to the ground and dragged quite a distance before the coach was stopped and she was released.

A London cab driver was recently fined 20 shillings for fast driving, whereas he really should have been given a medal for clever steering. He ran down a poor cripple hobbling along with two canes, but, instead of hurting him, the two shafts fitted under the cripple's bent arms, and he was borne gracefully down Regent street till the cab was stopped.

Mr. Henry H. Gavott, of Bridgeport, Conn., has a dog without forelegs. There are no shoulders or joints where the legs should be. Little projecting tufts of hair are all that are noticeable. The animal manages to get around in pretty lively fashion, sometimes balancing itself on the two hind legs, which are perfectly formed, and at other times propelling itself by hops like a kangaroo.

Four workmen have recently found a sum of money concealed near the bank of the Grand canal, Dublin, amounting, it is said, to nearly £4,000. It was contained in a leather bag, which was brought to light by a dog tugging at the string which was attached. The four finders, after dividing the money, separated—one going to America, two to Australia, and one remaining in Dublin.

Mrs. Alphonso Bradford, a resident of Hyannis, Cape Cod, became very nervous during a heated discussion on spiritualism and talked herself exhausted, when she fell into a trance. At first it was thought that she was dead, but close examination showed that life was not extinct. She has recovered consciousness. Mrs. Bradford had a somewhat similar experience 12 years ago, and remained unconscious for 22 days.

The Boston police on Sunday night invaded Quinn's block on a report that a woman was murdering her husband. They found a healthy, good looking young woman administering severe punishment to her liege lord, who had returned home intoxicated. She had spanked him with various kitchen utensils until both were exhausted. They were recently married, and until then they had been very happy.

The other day a lady taxed a young gentleman to whom she was engaged, with having kissed two ladies at some party at which she had not been present. He owned it, but laughingly assured her that their united ages only made 21. The simple-minded girl only thought of 10 and 11, and laughed off her pouts. The wily rascal did not explain that one of the girls he kissed was 19 years of age and the other 2.

Jersey justice has again shown its superiority in the matter of time. Last Thursday a man at a race course used brass knuckles in a fight which he had contrived to get up. Within 24 hours he was arrested, locked up, taken to court, tried, sentenced, shaved, scoured, clipped, given a new suit—in short, had made the grand tour of station house, court room and prison, and had learned something about making shoes or other useful little articles for the State.

Atlanta, Ga., has a natural born snake-charmer, in the person of Dow Poole, a half Indian boy, aged 11 years, who has three monster rattlesnakes, which he captured only last week, but now handles as though they were kittens. He takes them out of their box and puts them around his neck, when they will dart out their tongues and explore the region beneath his shirt without manifesting any signs of a hostile nature.

This is a story of Mrs. Brown, wife of Buchanan's first Postmaster General: She had been married before and so had Postmaster General Brown, and each had a daughter left over from the first marriage. Then they had another daughter. Mrs. Brown used to present them at her receptions in this way: "This is Miss Brown, Mr. Brown's daughter by his first wife; this is Miss Sanders, my daughter by my first husband, and this is Miss Brown, our joint daughter."

Poetry.

TRUST AND REST.

Fret not, poor soul, while doubt and fear
Disturb thy breast;
The pitying angles who can see
How vain thy wild regret must be,
Say, trust and rest.

Plan not nor scheme; but calmly wait;
His choice is best;
While blind and erring is thy sight,
His wisdom sees and judges right,
So, trust and rest.

Strive not, nor struggle; thy poor might
Can never wrest
The meanest thing to serve thy will;
All power is His alone; be still—
And trust and rest.

Desire not; self-love is strong
Within thy breast.
And yet He loves thee better still;
So let Him do His loving will,
And trust and rest.

What dost thou fear? His wisdom reigns
Supreme, confessed;
His power is infinite, His love
Thy deepest, fondest dreams above—
So trust and rest.

RECOMPENSE.

One flower alone, of all the flowers,
Sweet with the summer sunlight showers,
One blown queen blossom on the tree,
Was more than all the rest to me.

And one proud face was passing fair,
One face alone, beyond compare;
It was, alas! as lovers know,
My heart of hearts that told me so.

The wind crept down the garden walk
And stole my blossom from the stalk;
My passion met with her disdain;
I loved her and I loved in vain.

And so I gave—the world was wide—
Scorn for her scorn and pride for pride;
And still, alas! I found that she
Was more than all the world to me.

THE SILENT VOICE.

There is a sighing in the wood,
A murmuring in the beating wave,
The heart has never understood
To tell in words the thought it gave.

Yet oft it feels an answering tone
When wandering on the lonely shore,
And could the lips its voice make known,
'Twould sound as does the ocean's roar.

And oft beneath the wind-swept pine,
Some chord is struck the strain to swell
Nor sounds nor language can define;
'Tis not for words nor sounds to tell.

'Tis all unheard, that Silent Voice,
Whose goings forth, unknown to all,
Bids bending reed and bird rejoice,
And fill with music Nature's hall.

Our Story Teller.

A Mountain Ride.

Of course we girls all pitied Rachel Tinkham, but we never quite made her one of us.

She was such a shy little thing, and blushed if we spoke to her, and acted as if afraid of her own voice, and wore print dresses all the time, and never was invited to our parties.

She lived in a tumble-down house which had been a very grand mansion once.

The Tinkhams had been great people in my grandfather's day. Nothing was left of their grandeur now, however, for there had been wine in one generation, and whiskey in the next, and *delirium tremens* in the third.

Ray's father was the third. She had a wretched time keeping house for him. Her mother was dead.

"We" were the girls of Mrs. Bland's private school.

A dozen of us were out on the east veranda one morning. Were all talking at once. Some one, it seemed, had said the High School girls were better scholars than we were.

"Very well. So they are."

This was Kate Avery, she was standing up by the lattice where the morning glory vines grew, and where a hundred clusters of little bells swung out—blue and purple and rose pink. If Kate was anything, she was honest, though she was handsome, too.

"We have music and French conversation, and Lou has a phaeton, and I have two donkeys, and Queeny has been to Europe; but," lowering her voice, "it's an awful secret though it's the truth. The High School girls are miles and miles beyond us in Latin and mathematics."

"Indeed they are," said I. "I'm what Madamoiselle calls an 'idgit' in arithmetic. I really suppose that two and two make four, but if one of those girls were to tell me that they made five, I shouldn't dare dispute her."

"The fact is," said Kate, "Little Tinkham is the only one of us who is sure of her multiplication table. But then she really belongs to us. She wouldn't be here if it wasn't for sweeping and dusting to pay her tuition. There she is this minute."

A small, tired-looking figure in a coarse dress came in sight around the corner. It was Rachel with her load of books in her arms.

"She has worn that dress every day for three months," said Lou Stedman; "I verily believe she goes to bed when it is done up."

"My dear, she can't. She has to wash and iron it herself. O, there is Queeny?" cried Kate. It was such a gentle, graceful girl who came walking fast to overtake Ray, caught step as she overtook her and began talking pleasantly. "Doesn't she look nice in that seal-brown suit? And isn't it just like her to carry Ray's books for her?"

Queeny's real name was Alice. You would have known why we called her Queeny if you had seen her walk beside Little Tinkham that morning, open the gate, and stand still, erect, and with that grand way of hers, for the girl to pass through. I believe we all rather worshipped Queeny.

Kate met them with her forehead all tied up into hard knots, and asked Ray, "didn't she want to be angel, and help her with those dreadful fractions?"

So they two sat down on the doorstep and the rest went into the school room. Then Lou called out to Ray to come and dust her desk. She said it wasn't half dusted. Queeny said—

"Ray is busy, I will do it;" and she silent, and looking prouder than ever, dusted Lou's desk herself.

It was this morning, Friday, that Mrs. Bland told us that to-morrow would be 'Mountain Day.'

All the schools in our town drive to the mountain once a year. Our day always came in September.

This time Mrs. Bland couldn't go, so she sent along her cousin to matronize us. She was a fidgety person, afraid of spiders, and no good any way.

"We are to start at nine o'clock," Queeny said. "Ray, can you be ready so early?"

Queeny was a new scholar. She didn't know that Ray never went with us to such places. Now she flushed, and replied—

"I don't think I can go to the mountain."

"Certainly, you are going." Alice said it in her queeniest way. "If you can't go to-morrow, we will put off going."

"Saturday is my day to clean the schoolroom," Ray answered.

"We will clean it. Let's begin this minute," and off came Queeny's cuffs, and Kate's, all the cuffs, in fact. We made a little pile of them out by the geranium-bed. We went to work, and had such fun sweeping and scrubbing. Just imagine Kate and Queen washing the floor. They did it well, too.

"Now, remember," Queeny said, the last thing; "everybody is to wear her oldest dress. And, Ray, would you be kind enough to bring hard boiled eggs for your luncheon? One apiece for us all around?"

Ray looked bright all over, and said yes.

Now, I think it was just beautiful of Queeny to think of that. She knew Little Tinkham couldn't bring frosted cake and French rolls as the rest of us did.

So she spoke of the eggs. We all remembered that Ray had wonderful chickens I am sure the word about old dresses, too, was meant to help her.

The next morning, Obed Taintor came around with his uncovered omnibus, and his two great horses, picked us up.

We went for Ray last. She was standing in front of the old house, beside the tumble-down gate, with her basket of eggs in her hand.

She looked perfectly happy, and her dress was so clean and smooth, Kate whispered to me—

"That dress has been washed and ironed since last night. Just think of it."

It was a clear, warm morning, and every one was in such a glow of good spirits. I think we were all glad we had Rachael with us.

But if it hadn't been for Queeny, Ray would never have gone, and if Ray hadn't gone, the rest of us would never have come home, and this story—for there is a story—would never have been told.

It is eight miles to the mountain, and there is a carriage road to the top. The last two miles are very hard and steep, because you rise nearly a thousand feet above the level of the Connecticut River in that distance.

But Obed was a steady, good driver, and his horses were steady, good horses.

We always drew lots for the seat beside Obed, and it was one of our treats to get him talking about his "team," as he called it.

"What are their names?" asked Queeny.

"Well"—a pause. Obed was a slow talker, but he had a great deal to say. "The off one there is Grant an' the nigh one he is Sherman. You see, them creatures was colts in war times, 'n' I named them on 'count o' their dispositions. It used to be a sayin' in them days that 'Gin'ral Grant wa'n't afeared o' nothin' 't he could see, and Sherman he wa'n't afeared o' nothin' he couldn't see.' An' that air was just the case with 'em two colts."

"Are they afraid of the cars?"

"Ain't afeared o' nothin' in natur'."

Obed paused for us to think this over, and then went on—

"Know too much, them creeturs do. They've carried a load to the mountain four times a week all summer. They'd take ye 'bout as well ef I wa'n't along. They know—well—beat's all that them animals know. Understand 't I'm talkin' 'bout 'em this minit as well as you do. They're used to being talked to. My wife she thinks a sight of 'em. Beat's all! She'll go out to the barn, and she'll carry 'em apples, and she'll be all over 'em; an' one week when she was sick, an' kep' in the house, you c'n b'lieve it or not, but it's a fact that 'em creeturs lost flesh. She braids up their front hair for 'em, and ties it with a red ribbon one day an' then the next day she unbraids it and it's crimped, all in the fashion, you'll understand. As they was comin' to a party to-day, they got their hairs crimped."

But alas for Grant, and alack for Sherman! It was a terrible piece of work that you came near doing that day, though we girls never shall feel that you were much to blame.

You see this was what happened.

We were all tucked into the wagon as tight as figs in a box, that afternoon, ready to start for home, when Lou called out that she had left her parasol. She must get out and run up to the tower to get it.

"You just keep y'r sittin'" said Obed, "I'll fetch yer umbrill';" and he started for the tower.

It was about ten rods off. The tower and the stable are built in a small cleared space at the top of the mountain. All around and below are thick old woods and great rocks.

Obed had just gone out of sight when Queeny gave a little scream, and put her hand to her eyes. "Something has stung me," she said, and then, that instant, while we were all looking at her, it happened.

The horses both reared, then gave a plunge, the omnibus seemed to rise from the ground with a great leap, and sooner than I can tell it we were all being borne, at an awful speed, down that narrow rocky road.

I glanced toward Grant and Sherman, and saw a pair of terrible wild animals. I looked toward the girls, and saw two rows of white frightful faces.

The reins were dragged on the ground. Some of us were shrieking, 'Whoa!" A few were getting ready to jump. All this in an instant, and then suddenly, above the noise of the wheels and of everything else, we heard a voice ring out clear—

"Sit still girls! I think I can stop the horses."

It was Ray Tinkham, of all people in the world.

She stood up with a steady look in her eyes.

I must explain here that the road from the tower runs down a gentle slope for half a mile, and then there comes a sharp turn. Beyond that is Long Hill, the steepest, most dangerous part of the way. Kate seized my hand and whispered—

"If the horses are not stopped before they get to the turn, we shall all be killed."

Ray was climbing over the driver's seat. She always could climb anywhere, like a cat. She didn't pause an instant, but she called back to me—

"Natty Brock, put on the brakes. The rest of you sit still. Only pray as hard as you can."

I sprang to the driver's seat, and jammed down the handle of the brakes. I prayed, too. I believed I should never pray again.

Meanwhile, Ray was over the dash-board, and down with her feet over the whiffle-tree.

How she did it I shall never know, but the next we saw of her, she was creeping along the pole between the horses, steadying herself with her hands on their backs.

Queeny was holding Mrs. Bland's cousin with both hands, to prevent her leaping out. Kate cried—

"We are almost to the turn. What is Ray doing? she will frighten the horses worse than ever!" and she covered her eyes.

The brow of the hill was not 40 feet off. Far behind, we could hear Obed's voice screaming to the horses' to stop. The keeper of the tower was flying toward us.

But they were too far away to do any good. There seemed not one chance in a thousand for us. But that very instant, when we all believed we were lost, we looked at Ray.

We saw her reach forward with one hand and grasp the reins.

The wagon stood still.

In a moment more Obed caught Grant and Sherman by their heads.

His face was as white as ever it could be, and he spoke only one word. It was—"Hornets!"

"I don't blame the horses in the least," Queeny said. "One sting is bad enough," and she showed where her eye was beginning to swell. The hornets came swarming out of the woods, there." As for Obed, he was a humiliated man.

"But I was the one to blame," he said. "I thought Grant an' Sherman would 'a' stood till the'r hides dropped off'n the'r ribs; but I tell ye tho'r never was the team hitched up yet that 'ud stan' hornets. Blarst the creeters!" he added, in an undertone.

"But Ray Tinkham!" cried Kate, and she went up to where the little thing was sitting on a rock, looking pale. "You saved us all, you blessed child. How did you ever think of doing that?"

"My grandmother stopped some runaway horses in that way once," gasped Ray, "I didn't know whether I could stop Grant and Sherman, but I knew somebody must do something, or we should all be dashed to pieces."

"Well," spoke Obed, "I've known o' that thing's bein' done just once afore in my life-time, but it was a boy that did it. There's a sayin' 'modgst teamin' men that, when you hain't got the reins, you can stop a runaway if you walk out on the pole and grip hold of the bridles, but 'tain't every horse that'll stand it."

"But wasn't it splendid of Ray?" cried Lou, going over, and putting her arms around her.

"Never knew a girl c'd have so much pluck," answered the driver. "If she hadn't 'a' ben light on 'er jeet, an' level in 'er head, she never c'd 'a' done it. More'n all that, 'twas a master good thing, 't Grant and Sherman was used to a woman's hand lin' on 'em. Rachel's hand kind o' calmed 'em down the minute she touched 'em. I minded that where I was. I tell ye if them horses hadn't been uncommon good horses, nothin' on airth would 'a stopped 'em."

And Ray? I never meant to make so long a story of it, but I must tell you that we gave her a party soon after this. All the fathers, and mothers, and brothers, went, and we carried her a carpet for her room, and a new chamber-set, and nice new clothes all through; and a few of the gentlemen gave her a bank-book, whatever that may mean. I only know that she was to have the income of certain money, and that it was enough to educate her thoroughly. We had the best time that night, and Queeney's father took Ray out to supper, and she sat at his right hand, and everybody treated her as though she had been a princess of the blood.

I do believe there never was a happier girl on earth than Rachel was that night.

Played it Wrong.

"Look here!" roared a tall chap, attired in a broad brimmed hat and an insolent air, as he approached a railroad ticket window. "Look here, you, I want a first-class ticket on the top shelf car to the other end of this line, and don't you forget it! See this?" and he developed a horse pistol and stuck the muzzle through the window.

"I see it," replied the agent, calmly. "I'm looking right at it. Now what can I do for you?"

"Didn't you hear me bark a few minutes ago?" demanded the tall man. "Didn't you hear me compliment you with an order for the best you've got in your workshop there? Have I got to put a bullet in there to make you comprehend that I'm waiting here for the upper row of preserves? Must I take the blood of another station agent on my hands before I manage to get what I want? Throw me out the most embroidered ticket there is on the line of this road, or I'll commence to make vacancies."

The agent carefully closed the window, stepped out the side door, picked up the tall man, set him down again on his head, whirled him around three or four times and then kicked him under the gate and out into the middle of the street, where a policeman gobbled him and hustled him off.

"Am I awake?" asked the tramp, rubbing the dust of the conflict out of his eyes. Never mind about that, am I alive?"

"What did you want to bother the man for?" demanded the policeman, hauling him around by the collar.

"I didn't want to bother him, I only meant to scare him. I hadn't any money to go to the Island; so I played the western man on him, just as I have seen it written up in the funny papers. I say, either those papers are the darndest liars on the continent or I missed the combination on the gag.

And they locked him up to think over which might be the case.

Nine Times Married.

From a New York Letter.

With all the rush for divorce, though, some persons are still shockingly addicted to marriages. I don't remember ever hearing of a more married man outside of Utah, than a weather-beaten old fellow, who appeared in one of the lower courts, the other day, as a witness. He had been a tar of some sort, and he called himself captain. As he was hard of hearing the lawyers had some trouble with him. When he answered a few questions, a lawyer asked:

"How old are you, captain?"

"Hey! What 'idyessay?"

"How old are you—?" with a shout.

"Oh! Jesso. I'm goin' on eighty."

"Are you married?"

"Hey?"

"I want to know if you are married."

"Oh! Jesso. No, I ain't married now."

"Have you ever been married?"

"Been married? Yes, some."

"More than once?"

"Hey? I'm a dunce. Look yer, now, lawyer—"

"No, I asked if you were married more than once."

"Oh! Jesso. Yes, more'n once."

"Well, how often?"

"Hey? How often?"

"Yes; come, speak up."

"Wanter know how often, hey? Well, I don't mind telling.' Wanter know how often? Jesso. Well, lawyer, I've been married jess nine times."

The old man did not seem to think there was anything odd about his answer, but it set the lawyers laughing, and the audience and even the judge himself indulged in a smile. The lawyer put another question, apparently for fun:

"Do you mean to marry again?"

"Hey? What 'idyessay?"

"Mean to marry again!"

"Oh! Jesso. Well, I dunno."

The Roar of London.

W. J. Stillman says in the October *Century*, in his essay on the "Characteristics of London: "As I write, sitting in my study window, full five miles from the city paper, I hear the roar of the traffic like the sea on a rocky shore—the rush of incessant trains along the iron ways, the rumble of myriads of drays along hundreds of miles of stone paved streets (for which wood is now being in part substituted), each no more to the general symphony than the hum of a knat to the sounds of a summer day—a volume of sound unintermitting from dawn till dark. Yet I am bowered in green trees, with cowslip and daisy-flecked trees spread out under my eyes—not a spire, not a chimney stack of the metropolis visible; and the carol of larks and thrushes, the song of the nightingale, run through the web of sounds like gold and silver threads through a dingy fabric with the twitter of scores of sparrows like tiny spangles thrown on at random. Out of the monotony flashes the individual roar of a nearer train; the scream of a whistle, and the roar dies away again in sullen monody. This is audible in London."

Snow in Maine.

FARMINGTON, Me, October 1.—Three inches of snow fell in the northern part of Franklin county on Saturday night.

The White Heresy.

The leading religious journals have noticed at length the recent trial of Rev. J. W. White, of Milroy, for heresy, by the Huntingdon Presbytery, and most of them criticise the action of that body very severely. They intimate a determination on the part of the Presbytery to treat Rev. Mr. White unfairly and say that some of the charges were sustained when Mr. White's uniform teaching was directly opposite. We select the following article from the New York *Independent* of September 20. It is by no means as severe as some that have been published in other journals. The *Independent* says:

The case of Rev. John W. White, of Milroy, Pa., before the Presbytery of Huntingdon, was gravely misreported in the earlier accounts we published. He was represented as having been convicted of heresy on all the charges and specifications, while, in fact, the most serious ones were not sustained. Enough were sustained, however, by the Presbytery, such as it was, to drive him out of the ministry of the Church. The following are the specifications that are sustained by the following votes:

"I. (a) That he holds and teaches that the sufferings of Christ were in no sense a satisfaction for violated laws" (34 to 3).

"(b) That the sufferings of Christ were in no sense a satisfaction to divine justice, there being no justice to satisfy, as justice is not an attribute of God" (34 to 3).

"III. (b) That he denies the imputation of Adam's sin" (19 to 18).

"IV. (a) That he teaches and holds that the material body cannot be raised again" (28 to 9).

"(b) That at death the soul takes with it a spiritual body" (28 to 9)

The following charges were not sustained:

"I. (c) That he teaches that the effect of the Atonement is simply moral influence" (4 to 33).

"II. (a) That he denies the personality of the Holy Spirit" (8 to 28).

"(b) That he denies the distinct and real personality of the Father Son, and Holy Spirit. (15 to 21).

"V. That men can be saved by obedience to the moral law—the Ten Commandments" (6 to 36).

It will be seen that of the five charges two broke down completely, that which made him deny a real Trinity, and that which made him assert that men can be saved by mere morality. One was sustained in full, that which makes him teach that at death the soul takes with it a spiritual body, and that the material body is not raised. Two other charges were sustained in part. The decision was that he taught Christ's sufferings are not a real satisfaction to violated law or to divine justice. He was, however, acquitted of holding to the moral influence theory of the Atonement. As to the nature of sin, he was convicted by one majority of denying the imputation of Adam's sin, but was acquitted of holding that sin consists in acts only. After being thus convicted of heresy he was allowed to withdraw instead of being deposed from the ministry, and the presbytery passed a vote expressing "their high appreciation of the Christian character of Mr. White," and "their entire confidence in his personal piety." Mr. Wilhelm then announced that his views agreed with Mr. White's and also asked similar leave to withdraw from the Presbyterian ministry, which was granted, with another vote of confidence.

WILL the reader please consider the sense of the action recorded above? Just what is the meaning of the action of the Huntingdon Presbytery? First we eliminate one error in their vote. In the vote on I. (b), we suppose it was the intention to sustain the first clause. The last clause, "there being no justice to satisfy, justice not being an attribute of God," was abundantly contradicted by the evidence. Mr. White stated repeatedly in his evidence: "God's love includes his justice and every moral perfection." "Justice is as divine as any attribute of God." "Justice is an essential attribute of God." With this correction we have left the charges sustained that he denied the satisfaction theory of the Atonement; that he denied the immediate imputation of Adam's sin; and that he denied the resurrection of the material body. It is not a case of conflict on the new issues of Inspiration, Atonement and Eschatology, but on the by-gone issues of Old and New School, which would never have been allowed in a presbytery of New York or New Jersey, but which came to a natural issue in the intensely Old School Presbytery of Huntingdon. We take Van Oosterizee's "Christian Dogmatics," edited by Professors H. B. Smith and Philip Schaff, to represent New School theology, and compare it with Mr. White's views as given and condemned by this precious Presbytery. The value of the Atonement, according to Van Oosterizee, is not derived from punishment set against punishment, but from the representative character and nature of Christ. He says (p. 603.)

"We need not, therefore, go so far as to say that Christ was *punished* [his italics] in our stead, since it is not the punishment in itself which makes amends for sin, but the sacrifice of perfect obedience which does this, where it—if so it must be—subjects itself also to the punishment."

Here is an absolute denial of that satisfaction theory which the Presbytery says is the only true theory. Said Mr. White:

"The death of Christ was a sacrifice to satisfy divine justice, not in His sufferings considered in themselves, but in the entire surrender of Himself to God; and it was this self surrender that was acceptable to God."

Mr. White's point was that the virtue of the Atonement does not consist in Christ suffering a given equivalent for lost man's punishment, but in Christ's perfectly obeying unto death for the race even as Adam had sinned for the race. He denies the satisfaction theory not one whit more than do Van Oosterizee and H. B. Smith and Philip Schaff and all New School men. It is for denying what New School men deny, and not for any positive theory of Atonement that he was condemned. As to the resurrection his condemnation is astonishing. When was the *material* resurrection ever maintained as an article of faith in view of Paul's repeated teaching that it is sown a natural and raised a spiritual body? Then as to imputation Mr. White testified that he holds exactly the mediate imputation of the New School standards. He denies only the Old School immediate imputation. This is the sum of his heresy. He was convicted of being a New School man, by a presbytery which imagines New Schoolism to be heresy, and which voted early and often against the Reunion of the New School with the Old School body.

There are some special features of this case in the Huntingdon Presbytery which invite farther serious comment. Leaving out the injustice of the act of condemning a man for holding to the New School theology, and the gigantic impudence of this little interior Alleghenian presbytery in assuming to condemn the Reunion, the Auburn Declaration, and not the worse half of the Presbyterian Church, there are further questions of policy. Mr. White has for 25 years ministered with distinguished faithfulness and success to a large hill church in Milroy. He has the full confidence of its people in his judiciousness and and Christian character. The Presbytery give him their warmest Christian commendation. He is a man of wisdom and sweet spirit and devoted piety, almost pietistic, whom they have always put on committees when there was a breach to be healed. The church in Milroy is now broken up and lost to the body. Presbyterianism is destroyed there. The people forsake it and go into an independent organization. The Lutheran minister there tells his people that if Mr. White is a heretic he is one too; and, if they want, they may have a Lutheran heresy trial. Not only does the Presbyterian Church (none too rich in ministers) lose thus two ministers whom it heartily indorses for Christian character and piety, and one church, but young men looking toward the ministry are repelled at the very door. They are told that ability, unblemished character, piety and intelligent faith are not enough; they must never grow beyond the teachings of Princeton and Allegheny. Of course young men are kept out of the Presbyterian ministry by this sort of thing; and they will continue to be kept out, the more's the pity.

Ravages of Yellow Jack.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—Sugeon Madr of the marine hospital service at Brownsville, Texas, reports to the surgeon general the following items brought by the latest Pacific mail: At Mazatlan, Mexico, yellow fever is still the reigning terror. Every house is a hospital. It is impossible to keep track of the deaths, which run into the hundreds daily. The inhabitants are fleeing in every direction. Yellow fever has existed in Panama since April but almost exclusively among the natives. It has recently become more pernicious and is now spreading wildly. It has made its appearance in the below named Pacific coast cities: San Jose, Costa Rica, Nicaraga, Acapullo, Sencatula, Misjavilla, Carientes and San Blas and is spreading northward.

Grany Army Day at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 2.—The city to-day was filled with visiting members of the G. A. R. and others. The weather was inclement the greater part of the time, but, notwithstanding, the streets were thronged. The procession moved at two o'clock and traversed the principal streets of Pittsburg and Allegheny. Seven thousand men were in line and more would have taken part if the day were favorable. The decorations on the route were profuse and enthusiasm prevailed.

How the New Stamps are Selling.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—It was stated at the Post Office Department to-day that the issue to date of two-cent postage stamps was 110,000,000 and thus far the supply had been fully equal to the demand. Application had been made from numerous quarters for a redemption of three-cent stamps, but no action could be taken in this respect till Congress sanctioned it.

Shakespear's Bones.

STRATFORD UPON AVON, Oct. 3.—The question of exhuming the remains of Shakespear in order to compare the poet's skull with monumental bust in the church as well as to set at rest the question of the correctness of the many conflicting portraits of the poet now in existence was decided yesterday in the negative by the city council passing a resolution condemning any disturbance of the grave.

Snow in New England.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—Three to four inches of snow fell in Northern New Hampshire and Vermont this afternoon. At St. Johnsbury, Vt., the weight of the snow damaged the apple trees and the telegraphs.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S
CELEBRATED

STOMACH
BITTERS

In chronic dyspepsia and liver complaint and in chronic constipation and other obstinate diseases, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is beyond all comparison the best remedy that can be taken. As a means of restoring the strength and vital energy of persons who are sinking under the debilitating effects of painful disorders, this standard vegetable invigorant is confessedly unequaled.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

OIL WINTERGREEN,
PEPPERMINT, ETC.,

Bought for Net Cash, on receipt and approval, without charge for Commission, Brokerage, etc., by

DODGE & OLCOTT,
86 & 88 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.
15-31-6m

Rest not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk; everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1d6m&wly

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-21f

D. H. HASTINGS. W. P. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'71-tf

A. O. FURST,
Attorney-at-Law,
office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney-at-Law,
office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD,
Attorneys-at-Law,
v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-82

STITZER & MAGEE,
Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D.
Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

R. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte
Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without ether pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5-11

Hotels.

McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA
Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

COLUMBIA HOUSE,
Nos. 111 and 113 North Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUTTON Proprietress
14-21tf

Postal Regulations Half a Century Ago.

The New York *Tribune* in noting the improvements in postal facilities says: "The differences between the present law and that of 1825 are numerous and important. At that time an until 1836 all postmasters, or, as they were sometimes called, "deputy postmasters," were appointed by the Postmaster General. The postmasters of the important offices are now appointed by the President, with the consent of the Senate. The postage rates as they were fixed in 1816, and remained for nearly thirty years, were on a sliding scale that must have required a high degree of arithmetical skill on the part of postmasters. The rates for a letter of a single sheet of paper were, for any distance under thirty miles, 6 cents; over thirty and under eighty miles, ten cents; over eighty and under one hundred and fifty miles, 12½ cents; over one hundred and fifty and under four hundred miles, 18¾ cents; and over four hundred miles, 25 cents. Letters of two sheets were charged double postage, those of three sheets triple postage, and others on the same scale.

The instructions given to the postmasters in 1825 indicate some of the difficulties that were found in appliyng the law. One regulation says: "It may sometimes be difficult to discover whether a letter is single or double or treble, but after a little experience you will generally be able to decide by feeling or by holding the letter to the light." Postmasters were directed to reckon the distance between two places by the shortest post-route. Circuits were sometimes made for the delivery of letters so that the carrier did not return by the same route that he used in going, and the method used in calculating the distance was highly important. "Thus in New Jersey," says the regulations, "there is a circuitous route from Trenton to Allentown, Shrewsbury, etc., to New Brunswick, and thence to Somerville Court house and Flemington to Trenton. From Trenton by the route on which the mail was carried to Flemington is 131 miles and the postage by that distance would be 12½ cents, but the actual distance from Flemington to Trenton is only twenty-three miles and the postage of a letter sent either way would be only 6 cents."

The postage was not usually prepaid. Stamps were not introduced until 1847. Newspapers were sent within the state or a distance of 100 miles for 1 cent each, and for 1½ cents for greater distances. "Ship" letters or those brought by vessels, were charged an extra rate. A regular foreign mail was not organized until 1847. The mails were carried in "portmanteaus" on horseback or by stages. Steamboats were utilized after 1813 and railroads after 1838.

By the law of 1810, which remained in force for fifty years, only free white persons were allowed to be employed in carrying the mails, lest colored persons should use the mails to "make combinations to the detriment of the whites." The letters were fastened in packages and a "post bill" was inclosed, so that the receiving postmaster might know what charges were to be collected. The postmasters were paid by commissions, except that additional allowances were made to the postmasters of Washington and New Orleans. No postmaster could receive a compensation of more than $2000. The number of free letters sent in 1825 was proportionately larger than at present, as the privilege of franking was freely bestowed. All the important and many minor officials at Washington could send and receive letters without the payment of postage; others could receive newspapers free; postmasters might exchange letters without cost, and printers of newspapers might freely exchange their publications. The dates or the most important changes in the postal service since the year 1825 are: The use of railroads, 1838; reduction of postage, 1845; pastage stamps and arrangement of a scale according to the weight of letters, 1854; free delivery in cities, 1863; railway mail service, 1864; and at about the same time the postal money order. The reduction in letter postage to two cents on October 1 will be another step in advance.

He Humored Him.

A New York stockbroker, who was on his way to Buffalo last week observed that one of his fellow passengers was closely regarding him, and after a time the man came over and asked:

"Didn't I see you in Chicago in 1879?"

The broker wasn't in Chicago that year, but thinking to humor the stranger, he replied in the affirmative.

"Don't you remember of handing a poor devil a silver dollar one night in front of the Tremont?"

"I do."

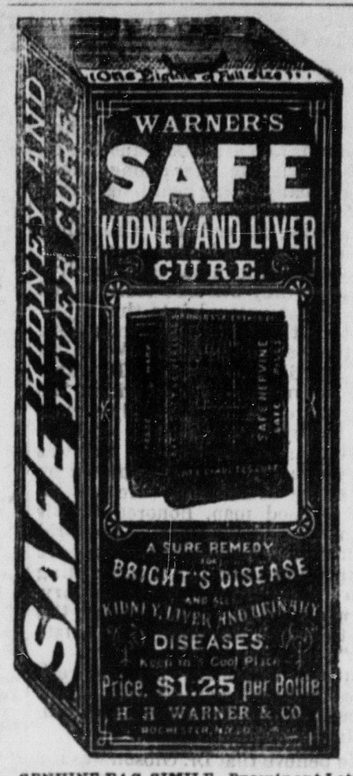
"Well, I'm the chap. I was hard up, out of work and about ready to commit suicide. That money made a new man of me. By one lucky shift and another I am now worth $25,000.

"Ah! glad to hear it."

"And now I want you to take $5 in place of that dollar. I can't feel easy until the debt is paid."

The broker protested and objected but finally just to humor the man, he took the $20 bill and gave him back $15. The stranger then withdrew, and everything might have ended then and there if the broker on reaching Buffalo, hadn't ascertained that the "twenty" was a counterfeit, and that he was $15 out of pocket.

Medical.



GENUINE FAC-SIMILE—Prominent Letters, ALL white on a black ground.

Beware of dealers who attempt to palm off IMITATION, SUBSTITUTION or WORTHLESS goods which yield them a LARGER PROFIT. None are genuine without the

SAFE.

H. H. WARNER & CO.,
13-48-3y Rochester, N. Y.

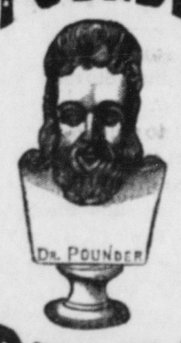
PARKER'S
HAIR BALSAM.

This elegant dressing is preferred by those who have used it, to any similar article, on account of its superior cleanliness and purity. It contains materials only that are beneficial to the scalp and hair and always

Restores the Youthful Color to Grey or Faded Hair

Parker's Hair Balsam is finely perfumed and is warranted to prevent falling of the hair and to remove dandruff and itching. HISCOX & Co., N.Y.
50c. and $1 sizes, at dealers in drugs and medicines.

DR. POUNDER'S



ASPARGO

OR COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

ASPARAGUS,

Has been pronounced by leading physicians a sure cure for diseases of the

Bladder, Kidneys, Urinary Organs,
PAIN IN THE BACK
AND
Gravel, or Renal Calculi.

SYMPTOMS—Are frequent, scanty urine and violent colic pain in region of the kidneys, pain very severe, and returning from time to time until the calculi is discharged, which is generally hastened and a radical cure performed by the use of

ASPARGO

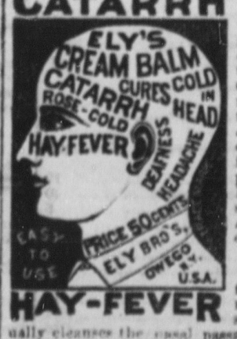
Promptly cures these distressing complaints.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price $1, or 6 bottles for $5 Sent to any address in the United States, free of expense, on receipt of cash or P.O. order.

Dr. Pounder Family Medicine Co.,
45. Second St., Philadelphia, Pa.

CATARRH



A Positive Cure.

A gentleman from Orwell, Pa., called my attention to Ely's Cream Balm as a remedy for catarrh, hay fever, &c. He was so in earnest in asserting it to be a positive cure that I purchased a stock. P. F. HYATT, M. D., Bordentown, N.J.

APPLY by little finger into the nostrils. By absorbtion it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the senses of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequaled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c a package—stamps.
15-25-4t ELY BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y.

Now is the Time
TO SECURE
YOUR OWN HOMES!
15 of the Most Desirable Lots
In the Borough of
MILESBURG,
FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

For particulars apply to J. M. GREEN, Milesburg, or F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, executors of JOS. GREEN, deceased. ap26d4wtf

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON,
M'FARLANE
& CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Dr. Sherman.

PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE.

Fall Term Opens Sept. 12, 1883.

Examinations for admission. September 11 and 12.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
5. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Chemistry.
6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*,
14-28-4t *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*

FITS STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. *Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc.* INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. *No Fits after first day's use.* Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
See Druggists. *BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.*
15-22-1y

Every Young Man

Should have such a knowledge of the requirements of business as may be obtained in the

Rochester Business University,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.,

The Most Complete Commercial School in America.

More prosperous than ever before.

There is no other in the country that is held in so high esteem by the better class of business men, that is patronized by so mature and cultivated a class of pupils, or that has so large a number of graduates in lucrative and honorable positions. New catalogue free.

L. L. WILLIAMS, Pres.
F. F. ROGERS, Sec. 15-36 4t

GUIDE TO SUCCESS
in BUSINESS
and SOCIETY.

The most universally useful book ever published. It tells completely HOW TO DO EVERYTHING in the best way. How to be Your Own Lawyer, How to do Business Correctly and Successfully, How to Act in Society and Everywhere. A gold mine of varied information to all classes for constant reference. AGENTS WANTED for all or spare time. To know why this book of REAL value and attractions sells better than any other, apply for terms to

STANDARD PUBLISHING CO.,
aug29 6m 610 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

(*Continued from last week.*)

How Watch Cases are Made.

It is a fact not generally known that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Cases* really contain more *pure gold* than many "solid" gold cases The demand for these watch cases has led to the manufacture of a very poor grade of solid gold watch cases—low in quality, and deficient in quantity. These cases are made from 4⅛ to 10 karats, and a 5 or 6 karat case is often sold for 12 or 14 karats. It is NOT economy to buy a watch case so poor in quality that it will soon lose its color, or one so soft that it will lose its shape and fail to shut tight, thus letting in dust and damaging the works, or one so thin that a slight blow will break the crystal, and perhaps the movement. It IS economy to buy a *James Boss' Gold Watch Case*, in which NONE of these things ever occur. This watch case is *not an experiment*—it has been made nearly *thirty years*.

HAZLETON, PA., Oct. 24, 1882.

I sold two James Boss' Gold Watch Cases thirty years ago, when they first came out, and they are in good condition yet. One of them is carried by a carpenter, Mr. L. W. Drake, of Hazleton, and only shows the wear in one or two places; the other by Mr. Bowman, of Cunningham, Pa.; and I can produce one or both of these cases at any time.

SYLVESTER ENGLE, *Jeweler.*

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(*To be Continued.*)

15 36 1y

TUTT'S
PILLS

INDORSED BY
PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.
THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC.
TUTT'S PILLS Cure KIDNEY Complaint.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE TORPID LIVER.
TUTT'S PILLS IMPART APPETITE.

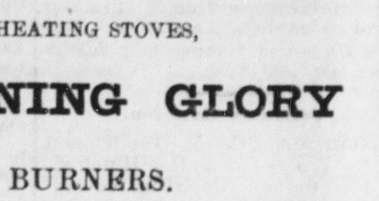
DR. TUTT has succeeded in combining in these pills the beneficial antagonistic qualities of a STRENGTHENING, PURGATIVE, and PURIFYING TONIC.

Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which PERSONS TAKE ON FLESH under the influence of these pills, indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health & strength to the system. Sold everywhere.

Price 25 cents.
Office
35 Murray Street,
NEW YORK.
14-44-1y

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund money if treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JOS. FLEMING, Druggist, 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders by mail at regular prices 14-39-1y

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 11 1y

W. P. Duncan & Co.,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
BELLEFONTE
PATENT WATER WHEEL,
Steam Engines,
CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,
ROLLING MILL
AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
5 46a812-tf

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,
No. 206 Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA,
For 30 years have been engaged in the treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 15-30-1y*

INSURANCE.
INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.
INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER
Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

IN A MAN
WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY
By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous
"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."
A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.
All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.
Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.
Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.
For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the
GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,
At your nearest Ticket Office, or address
R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.
15 40 1y

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
FOR THE
LIVER
And all Bilious Complaints.
Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping.
Price 25 cents. All Druggists.
15 29 4t.

The Caterer
And Household Magazine,
Conducted by JAS. W. PARKINSON, and devoted to the table and other matters of interest to the home. Issued on the first of every month. Terms, $2.00 a year; single numbers, 20 cents. News dealers and the trade generally supplied by the American News Company and its branches throughout the United States and the Canadas. A specimen number sent to any address on the receipt of 15 cents in stamps.
Address E. C. WHITTON, Publisher, 1011 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. 15-32tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Life for a Life.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 4.—James McSteen was hanged this morning in the yard of the county jail. The execution was conducted quietly, and was witnessed by two hundred persons. The doomed man retired early and slept all night. At five o'clock this morning he rose and after making a careful toilet partook of a hearty breakfast. He was visited later by two Sisters of Mercy, and his spiritual adviser, Father Ward. None of his relatives put in an appearance. At eleven o'clock he left his cell for the scaffold, attended by Father Ward and the sheriff. He walked erect, and ascended the scaffold with a firm step. When asked if he had anything to say, he replied, "No." The cap was then placed over his head and his hands were tied. At 12.05 the drop was sprung and in the fall the neck was broken. In eight minutes he was pronounced dead. The crime for which he suffered the highest penalty of the law was uxoricide. On the evening of June 9, 1882, he sent his little boy out of the house under some pretense, and when the little fellow returned he found his mother dying on the floor, with her skull crushed in and a bloody axe lying beside her. His father had fled, but was arrested the same night. When the trial came up, it was clearly shown that he had committed the deed, and he was convicted.

Handy for the Lottery Men.

WASHINGTON, Oct 3.—It is said by officials of the Post Office Department that the new postal notes are proving a great convenience to lottery companies and to the many firms and corporations throughout the country which have been blacklisted by the department and denied the privileges of the money order and registry systems. These companies and firms are now having remittances made to them in postal notes, which are payable to bearer and which do not come within the scope of the department's orders forbidding the payment of money orders to concerns that have been declared fraudulent. The risk of loss is of course a little greater with postal notes than with money orders, but practically the former are very satisfactory substitutes for the latter and enable firms and companies that have been declared fraudulent to regard with comparative indifference the orders of the Postmaster General depriving them of money order and registry privileges

The Episcopal Convention.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 4.—In the Protestant Episcopal convention this afternoon the report of the committee on the revision of the common prayer book was presented and made the order of the day for Tuesday next at 12 o'clock. At the meeting of the house of bishops the new bishops consecrated since the last general convention were introduced and took their seats. They were the missionary bishops of New Mexico, the missionary bishop of Montana and the missionary bishops of Washington territory, the bishop of Pittsburg and the assistant bishop of Mississippi. The names of bishops deceased since the last general convention were read, viz: Rt. Rev. Dr. Atkinson, of North Carolina; Rt. Rev. Dr. Talbot, of Indiana. The last bishop of Rochester was introduced and addressed the house, after which the standing committees were announced.

Two Railroad Collisions in Ohio.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 5.—A section of a freight train ran into the caboose of another freight train on the Newark division of the Pan Handle road this morning, killing Thomas Oranshaw, a brakeman, and injuring another man. A Scioto Valley passenger train which was going out ran into one of the box cars. The engine was damaged, but the crew jumped off and saved their lives.

An Accident in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5.—The inbound train on the North Pennsylvania branch of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad ran into a street car of the Union line at Susquehanna avenue and American streets this morning. The car was demolished and all the passengers more or less injured. Ten persons, who were more or less injured, were taken to the Episcopal hospital, and two have since died. The driver of the street car was inside the car at the time of the accident.

The names of the dead are as follows: John McKeowin, gardner, aged forty years; residence at Howard and Norris streets; leaves a wife and seven children James Hamil, No. 1355 Howard street, had leg cut off and died in twenty minutes after entering the hospital

There was no conductor on the car, and the driver's duty required him to guide his team, see fares deposited in the box, and at the same time watch for steam trains on the railroad crossing. The railroad company had no safety gate at the railroad crossing, although they had been directed by the city councils a year ago to erect one at that place.

LATER.—Mary Sellers and Charles Young, two victims of the collision this morning between a Reading railroad train and a street car, died this afternoon, making four deaths thus far.

Veteran's Reunion.

HUNTINGDON, Oct. 5.—The reunion of the Eighty-fourth, One Hundred-and-Tenth and One-Hundred-and-Twentp-fifth regiments, held in this city to-day, was the most successful one yet held by this brigade. About seven hundred veterans participated, including the George Simpson post, of Huntingdon; Harry Corbin post, of Mapleton; Colonel Ewing post, of Lewistown; Colonel D. M. Jones post, of Tyrone, and Colonel Isaac Rogers post, of Orbisonia. In the morning the assemblage met in the Baptist church, corner of Seventh and Washington streets, and Captain Charles Copelin, president of the One-Hundred-and-Tenth regimental association, was chosen president. Rev. D. R. P Barry, of the Lutheran church, delivered an address of welcome. Milton S. Lytle, the orator of the day, then addressed the assembled veterans, in one of the most interesting and able speeches that has ever been delivered in this place.

The parade was very fine. About 20,000 people were in Huntingdon during the day. Everything passed off smoothly and the best of order prevailed. A bean bake was held in the Castillian garden at noon, which the large number of veterans enjoyed hugely.

An Insulted Monarch.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—It is rumored from Madrid that the Spanish government is dissatisfied that the Paris *Journal Official* merely published the fact that President Grevy apologized to King Alfonso for the insulting reception he met with in the streets of Paris, and not the full text of the apology, and has now resolved to ask for the publication of the full text. It is also reported Sagasta has postponed making any changes in the Spanish ministry until all matters pending between Spain and foreign nations have been settled.

The foreign powers have forwarded to King Alfonso their congratulations upon the enthusiastic reception accorded him on his return to Madrid.

BERLIN, October 4.—The *Vassiche Zeitung* states that the Emperor William has telegraphed to King Alfonso saying: "I sympathize with you for the insults offered you in Paris. I know, however, that they were aimed at me far more than at you."

Conference of the Evangelical Association.

ALLENTOWN, Oct. 3.—The eighteenth quadrennial session of the General Conference of the Evangelical Association of North America convened in this city this morning. Bishops J. J. Esher, of Chicago; R. Dubs of Cleveland, and T. Bowman, of Allentown, will preside. Twenty-three conferences are represented by 96 delegates at this conference. These conferences, including Canada, Germany and Switzerland, outside of the United States, with a mission field in Japan, have a membership of 119,958. There are itinerant preachers in these conferences, 958, and local preachers, 599. In the boards of General Conference there are 1,622 churches, valued at $3,577,383. They have contributed to the missionary treasuries $111,635.55, and have 2,131 Sunday schools connected with them, whose number of officers is 22,646 and scholars, 135,804. The session will continue about three weeks.

Supposed Tidings of Greely's Party.

DUNDEE, Oct. 4.—The whaling steamer Polynesia, which has arrived here from Davis Straits, reports that the natives at Saunders Island stated that they saw five men at Etah, in Smith's Sound, north of Baffin's Bay, early in the year, who belonged to a large expedition further to the north, which was believed to be that of Lieutenant Greely. One of the natives met at Saunders Island was a very intelligent man and spoke some English. He stated that his brothers saw five men living at Etah (or Etab), a fishing station south of Littleton Island, on the east side of Smith's Sound. They were all in good health. The leader was a tall, robust man. The captain of the Polynesia believes the party was sent out by Lieutenant Greely to meet the steamer Proteus, which was then on the way to Smith's Sound.

A Town Badly Scorched.

CLEVELAND, Oct 5.—A special from Sandy Lake, Pa., says a fire broke out there this morning in H. C. Blaet & Co.'s hardware store which destroyed a block and a-half of buildings. The loss is $50,000. A fire company was sent from Franklin but arrived too late to be of service The principal losers are Blaet & Co., James Young, J. D. McMichael, druggist; William Limcox, dry goods; Jesse Edmund, grocery; John Allen, harness; Mrs. H. W. Wilson, restaurant; C. J. Johnson, butcher, and J. H. Robb, lawyer. Spontaneous combustion is supposed to have been the cause of the fire.

Forepaugh to Sue a Railroad.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Oct. 4.—Adam Forepaugh, whose circus exhibits here to-day, anounces his intention of bringing suit against the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for damages in failing to transport his circus from McKeesport to Uniontown on time. He showed at McKeesport yesterday, but the road did not get him here in time to give his street parade. The show left that place last night about midnight and did not all arrive here till afternoon to-day, being delayed on a siding. No parade could be given here and Mr. Forepaugh says he has sustained losses for which he will bring suit.

The Chinese Shut Out.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 5.—The naturalization of Chinese came to an abrupt termination to-day when Chong Now appeared before Judge Yerkes and was refused his papers in spite of his compliance with all the requirements of the regular naturalization law. The judge's action was based upon the fourteenth section of the act of May 6, 1882 restricting Chinese immigration That section provides that no state court or court of the United States shall admit Chinese to citizenship. After hearing this decision Judge Arnold made an order revoking the papers which he granted yesterday to Chong Kee.

A Wealthy Heiress Married.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 4.—Miss Abbie Main Winchester, only daughter of Ezra H. Winchester, junior member of the house of Main & Winchester, of San Francisco was married yesterday to Wallace Hackett, a young lawyer, son of Colonel William H. Hackett, of this city. The bride is the heiress to a million and is beautiful and accomplished. Her trousseau is valued at $100,000. The three hundred guests present included prominent residents of San Francisco, Washington, New York, Brooklyn and Boston. The wedding gifts are valued at over $200,000.

Judge Hoadly Again Prostrated.

SANDUSKY, O., October 4.—Judge Hoadly addressed a crowded house here last night. To-day he was prostrated and decided not to address the Toledo meeting. He left for Cincinnati via Toledo this evening. He is very much broken down.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

A Wedding on Thursday Evening.

The Presbyterian parsonage was the scene of a happy event on Thursday evening, Oct. 4. Mr. Joseph Grant, formerly of Norristown, and now an employe of the Glass Works in this place, was united in marriage to Miss Florence McDowell, of Osceola, who has been a guest of the family of Mr. George Taylor, for several weeks past. Rev. William Laurie performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Grant will begin housekeeping in part of the residence occupied by Mr. Taylor. The groom is an expert workman and a worthy young man. The bride is a pleasant young lady and will make a good wife. They both seem as happy as can be and we hope that married life will be to them as sweet as a fragrant rose without any thorns.

To the Woman's Christian Temperance Unions of Pennsylvania.

DEAR SISTERS: On the 9th of October the people of Ohio will vote on the introduction of a prohibatory amendment into their Constitution. They are now in the midst of the struggle, and are urging every measure that may insure success. Shall we not help them as we helped Iowa—by earnest, united prayer?

We, therefore, ask all our Unions to meet for this purpose on the day of voting. Request pastors to preach on temperance the preceeding Sabbath, and to remember Ohio in their public prayers; thus enlisting the sympathy and prayers of the entire Christian community on this behalf.

Please remember also, at this time, our Annual Meeting at Bellefonte, October 10th and 12th, that the Holy Spirit may guide in all we seek to do.

Sincerely Yours,

FRANCES L. SWIFT, Secretary,
ELLEN M. WATSON, Cor. Sec'y.

Allegheny, Sept. 25th, 1883.

—Bellefonte is ahead of Philadelphia in the matter of steam heating. Several days ago the city councils of the latter place appointed a committee of its members to meet Dr. Bishop, of Lockport, N. Y., to interview him in regard to it. He is the same gentleman that first introduced the enterprise in Bellefonte.

Death of Rev. W. J. Gibson, D. D.

From the Altoona *Tribune* we clip the following concerning the death of Rev. Dr. Gibson, who is well known throughout this county:

Rev. W. J. Gibson, D. D., for many years pastor of the Duncansville and Martinsburg Presbyterian churches, died at his home at Duncansville on Friday about noon after a long illness. His gradually failing health has warned his friends that his earthly career was nearing its end and while they will be saddened by the knowledge that so good a man has ceased to live on earth, they will also feel assured that he has entered into the enjoyment of that rest which remaineth for the people of God. We think that Dr. Gibson resided in Duncansville since 1836. Up to within the last year or so he faithfully served the Presbyterian churches of Duncansville and Martinsburg and was loved by his people and respected by the entire community. He was indeed a good man, honored by his brethren and the people. The world is the poorer for his loss. We leave to other and abler hands the writing of a proper tribute to his memory. He was aged 74 years. Among the last things he was able to articulate was "The valley is full of light."

Funeral will leave his late residence on Monday at 10.30 o'clock, and proceed to the Presbyterian church at Hollidaysburg.

We believe that Dr. Gibson was the author of the "History of the Presbytery of Huntingdon," which was published several years ago by the Bellefonte Press Co., of this place. In collecting facts for that work he traveled over a large portion of this county and formed the acquaintance of all the most prominent Presbyterians. He was considered a fine theologian and was one of the oldest ministers in the Huntingdon Presbytery.

—Parents and nurses should exert the greatest care over children who are playing near the windows, particularly in the upper stories of a building. We are told that a little child was observed in a fearfully dangerous position at an early hour this morning. The little one had climbed out the window and was literally hanging from the window sill which it grasped with its hands. Persons on the street called to the child to climb back and others ran up stairs and were about to enter the apartment, when the child by its own strength, pulled itself back into the room. Perhaps it was playing circus.

Marble Yard.

We stepped into Stover's marble yard while on our way up town the other day, not to order a monument for ourself, but to ascertain the state of trade in that line of business. We found Mr. Stover and his assistant hard at it with their tools embelishing the marble slabs which are to mark the resting place of departed ones. Among those in stock we noticed some very pretty stones, both in plain and ornamental design, to suit all tastes and ages. Mr. Jno. D. Sunderland, the chief workman, is an experienced marble worker and can be relied upon to follow out every detain in the execution of orders. Parties who desire to decorate the grave of a relative or friend will find it to their advantage to leave their orders with Stover. He guarantees good work at reasonable prices. wlt.

—Don't miss reading H. K. Hicks' advertisement. 39tf

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 9, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 05
Wheat—No. 2, "	95
Wheat—No. 3,	90
Buckwheat	50
Rye per bushel	55
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 50 to $5 00
do prime to extra prime	
do choice	
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 80
Flour, wholesale	5 80

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	10
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	20
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per piece	30
Cheese per pound	14 to 16
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	16
Country Bacon	13
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes, per bushel, new	50
Dried beef	23
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—15
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

Miscellaneous.

PUBLIC LETTING.—Bids will be received at the Commissioners' office in Bellefonte until October the 15th, 1883, for a new plank floor for the Milesburg bridge. Specifications can be seen at Commissioners' office.

JOHN WOLF,
A. J. GRIEST,
H. C. CAMPBELL,
Commissioners.

15 39 2t

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—All person are hereby notified not to purchase note dated September 8, 1883, and signed by me, in favor of Benjamin Aston, for the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars ($150.00) as I will not pay the note, not having received value for the same. JOHN S. STOTT.

Bellefonte, Sept. 13, 1883. *36 3t&d1t

Election Proclamation.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, Thomas J. Dunkle, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1883,

for the purpose of electing one person for State Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Associate Judge for Centre county.

One person for District Attorney for Centre county.

One person for County Surveyor for Centre county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to-wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward.

For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Henry Shaffer, in Aaronsburg.

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Harryman.

For the township of Miles in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (Northern precinct) at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (Southern precinct) at the public house of D. H. Rhul, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Northern precinct) at Murray's school house.

For the township of Gregg (Southern precinct) at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) in the School house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house in Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush (Northern precinct) in public school house, at Cold Stream.

For the township of Rush (Southern precinct) in public school house, in village of Powelton.

For the township of Snow Shoe (Eastern precinct) at public school house, in village of Snow Shoe.

For the township of Snow Shoe (Western precinct) at public school house, in village of Moshannon.

For township of Marion, at the house of Joel King, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs (Northern precinct) at public school house, known as Walker school house.

For the township of Boggs (Southern precinct) at public school house, in Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of William Musser.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house.

For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

NOTICE is hereby given, "That every person executing office or judicial of the peace who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and close at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1866; "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same That the qualified electors of the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, or partly printed or partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and be labeled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the officers voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly if voted for, and be labeled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-three, and in the One Hundred and Sixth year of the Independence of the United States.

T. J. DUNKLE,
Sheriff of Centre County.

Agents Wanted

For CONQUERING THE WILDERNESS, or NEW PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE LIFE AND TIMES OF THE PIONEER HEROES AND HEROINES OF AMERICA, by Col. Frank Triplett. Over 200 superb Engravings. Covers the THREE ERAS of pioneer progress, (1) from the Alleghenies to the Mississippi; (2) From the Mississippi to the Rocky Mountains; (3) California and the Pacific slope. NEW. Combines graphic, thrilling narrative with profuseness of elegant illustration by eminent artists. Nearly 100 personal portraits, embracing all the Pioneer Leaders, besides scores of incidents. A Picture Gallery of rare interest. A true historical work of thrilling adventure in forest, plains, mountain and stream; covers western progress and civilization; Fights with Indians; Desperate Adventures; Narrow escapes; Wild Life on the Border. A grand book for agents. Outsells everything. 720 octavo pages. LOW IN PRICE. In reach of the masses. Agent's complete outfit 75 cents. ☞ Write at once for confidential terms and illustrated description. Address

N. D. THOMPSON & CO., Publishers,
St. Louis, Mo., or New York City.

15 39 4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Erb, late of Ferguson township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and persons owing the estate will please make prompt payment.

15-39 6t D. S. ERB, Administrator.

DIRECTORY

OF

BELLEFONTE BUSINESS HOUSES, ARTISANS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Bakers.

JOSEPH CEADER, 8 Bishop St.
J. H. SANDS, 23 Allegheny St., E. side.

Barbers.

M. S. GRAHAM, bath room, basement Conrad House.
R. A. BECK, under First National bank.

Books and Stationery and News Depot.

JNO. C. MILLER & CO., Humes' Block, next door to post office.

Boots and Shoes.

JNO. POWERS & SON, 43 High St.
DOLL & MINGLE, 10 Brockerhoff Row.

Bottling Establishment.

JNO. ANDERSON, 65 High St., south side.

Butchers.

JOHN BEEZER, North High street, near Centre Co. bank.
SECHLER & CO., 68 High street.

Contractors and Builders.

E. B. & F. P. GREENE, 46 Water st.

Cigars and Tobacco.

CHARLES RINE, High street, opposite depot.

Cigar Manufacturers.

H. C. WEAVER, First National bank building.

China, Glass and Queensware.

W. H. WILKINSON, 16 & 18 Allegheny street

Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade, new addition, High St.

Coal and Grain.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN, near depot.

Carriage Manufactory.

J. R. BARTRUFF, near water works.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

VALENTINES STORE CO., limited, Nos. 51 and 53 Bush Arcade, High St.
C. U. HOFFER & CO., 7 Allegheny st.

Drugs and Medicines.

DR. M. A. KIRK, 41 Bush Arcade, High St.

Furs, Hides and Leather.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade High St.

Furniture.

JOHN BRACHBILL, 29 Spring street.

Gunsmith—Sporting Goods.

THEO. DESCHNER, High street.

Groceries.

SECHLER & CO., 68 High St.
V. G. BAUER & CO., 6 Bishop St.

Harness Makers.

J. H. McCLURE & SON, 10 Bishop St.
JAMES SCOFIELD, 13 Spring St.

Hotels.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, C. G. McMillen, proprietor.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of Lumber.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.
PHŒNIX PLANING MILL CO.

Merchant Tailors.

W. I. FLEMING, Humes' block, Allegheny St (repairing).

Millinery.

MISS M. L. MacCRIDE, 29 Allegheny St.
MISS MARY C. AMMERMAN, 18 Bishop St.

Paints and Paper Hanging.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, 50 High St.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH, 15 Allegheny st.
JOHN BARNES, 48 High st.

Snow Shoe Coal and Coke.

BERWIND, WHITE & CO., Race St., near Bush House.

Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments.

BUNNELL & AIKENS, 1 Bishop st.

Stoves and Tinware.

W. T. TWITMIRE, 45 High st., Bush Arcade.

Watchmakers.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.
FRANK GALBRAITH, 74 High st., opp. depot.

Optician.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.

Foundry & Machine SHOPS,

AND

Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

June5d&wtf

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 15 7 1y

Death of an Aged Lady.

The *Reporter* informs us of the death near Centre Hall on Thursday, September 26, of Mrs. Mary A. Koch, aged 80 years, 3 months and 28 days. She was born in Berks county, Pa., May 29, 1803. When young, with her father, Mr. Smith, she moved to Union county, where, on Nov. 19, 1819, she was married to Jacob Koch. They lived together in Union and Centre counties 57 years. The husband, Jacob Koch, died August 28th, 1877, at the age of 83 years. Their family consisting of 15 children—11 sons and 4 daughters; 48 grandchildren and 31 great grandchildren. Two of their children (sons) died when young. When our country called for help during the rebellion, six of their sons responded and went to defend it. On January 2, 1863, Tasker died in a government hospital at York, Pa. On December 12, 1863, John was murdered in Bellefonte. Franklin was killed in the battle of Chancelorville, Va., his body falling into the hands of the enemy. Eliza died in Mifflin county, March 1, 1866. Sarah died in Centre county, Sep. 8, 1866. Samuel died in Will Co., Ill., May 17, 1872—leaving three sons living in Centre Co., Pa.; one in Mason Co., Ill.; one in Johnson Co., Mis.; one daughter in Boalsburg, Pa., and one in Ill. Mrs. Koch has been a member of the Evangelical church over 60 years. She was highly esteemed.

Business Notices and Other Items.

—A nice line of men's furnishing goods. Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes at Guggenheimer. 38-4t.

—Sunday-schools were not largely attended on Sunday.

Remember G. has the only exclusive leather store in the county. 38-4t

—It is said that there was snow on the Bald Eagle ridges on Saturday.

—Hides of all kinds bought and the highest market price paid in cash at Guggenheimer. 38 4t

—"Hard" Harris says that he indulges in horseback rides occasionally.

We have just received our new Fall and Winter Woolens Call and leave your order. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—For fine groceries go to Harry Teats & Co.

—The steam heating apparatus in Clearfield is already in satisfactory working order.

—Don't miss reading H. K. Hicks' advertisement. 39tf

—A new freight engine was put on the Snow Shoe branch of the Pennsylvania railroad this morning.

—The crowd on High street is not all occasioned by the building of the High street bridge. About five-sixths of it is attracted there by Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store.

—There was a freight wreck near Howard on Friday night. Daniel Reeder, a brakeman, was slightly injured.

—The Conqueror cellar heater, for houses and churches, is the best. Seventeen have been sold this season, by the agent, H. K. Hicks.

—The decorations in the Episcopal church yesterday were beautiful. They consisted of ferns and autumn leaves tastefully arranged.

—We are under many obligations to Rev. Palmer and Rev. Skinner, of the A. M. E. Conference, for favors during the past week. We hope the gentlemen will accept our thanks.

—Doll & Mingle have just received 240 pairs women's solid grain button Shoes, which they are selling off at $1.25. The usual price is $1.75. Going like hot cakes. 39-2t

—Representatives of Forepaugh show say that the display they will make in Bellefonte is exactly the same in all particulars that they make in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and other large cities.

—The largest line of Boots—lowest prices—at Doll & Mingle's. 39-2t

—Rev. Palmer, of the A. M. E. Conference, officiates in Erie and Meadville, the two charges giving him so much pastoral work that he has overexerted himself of late. He has made arrangements to lighten his labors hereafter.

—For the largest and best stock of Leather of all kinds go to Guggenheimer. 38-4t.

—The Reformed sociable was held last evening at the residence of Mr Jared Harper.

—Goldsmith Brothers of the Bee Hive desire us to state that their store will be closed Thursday, Oct. 11th, until 6 p. m.

—In consequence of the meeting in the Court House on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, the usual meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was postponed.

—Reynolds Bro.'s fine Shoes for ladies—no better in the market—Doll & Mingle. 39 2t

H. K. Hicks.--Stoves.

I AM NOW READY FOR THE STOVE SEASON.

The largest line of STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES

Ever offered for sale by any one dealer in Central Pennsylvania.

SOLE AGENT FOR JAMES SPEAR AND RAYMOND & CAMPBELL.

EVERY STOVE I SELL IS WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

It will pay you to examine my stock before buying elsewhere. I can suit any one in style, price and quality. Call and see me. We like to show them.

H. K. HICKS, Hardware Merchant,

BELLEFONTE PA.

15-39-3m

—The ladies of Bellefonte and vicinity are kindly requested to inspect the new and elegant line of ladies, Misses and children's dolmans. New markets, paletots, Jersey jackets and havelocks at the Bee Hive. 1t.

—All aboard! for Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store. Everybody must eat and it is to their advantage to buy groceries of Teats.

—To present a really artistic appearance the young lady should be arrayed in bright red, or cardinal and should carry a bouquet of gay autumn leaves in her hand.

AN immense stock of Blankets and Haps, bought at the recent great auction sales in New York, are now being offered at half their value at the Bee Hive. 1t

Heroes and Heroines of the Border.

In American history there are no more interesting figures than the Heroes and Heroines of the Border. Bold, dashing, adventurous and patriotic; loyal to friends, to country and to the interests of society, their work was singularly effective in the advancement of American civilization. With seeming recklessness, their efforts were in the interest of law and order, and the people owe them a debt of gratitude they do not forget. Their page in history is as fascinating as it is honorable, and there is a peculiar pleasure in reading the narrative of their wonderful exploits.

The times which produced those heroes and heroines mark a period in American history of absorbing interest alike to old and young. It is proper that it should be so. These hardy pioneers coupled virtue with courage, humanity and love of country with the stern duties of frontier life and battle, and the example of their lives not only interests but strengthens our faith and admiration in human courage and unselfish purpose.

In American pioneer history there are three distinct eras marked as distinctly by three geographical divisions, from the Allegheny mountains to the Mississipps, marking the first; from the Mississippi to the Rocky mountains, the second; California and the Pacific slope, the third. The settlement of these vast regions developed great leaders, whose achievements have made them justly and widely famous. They have a warm place in the hearts of the people, and a prominent one in their admiration. It is appropriate that their achievements should be recorded, and we note with pleasure the forthcoming of a new book, now ready, from the press of N. D. Thompson & Co., Publishers, New York and St. Louis, Mo., called: *Conquering the Wilderness, or New Pictorial History of the Life and Times of the Pioneer Heroes and Heroines of America.*

It is written by Col. Frank Triplett, an accomplished writer, whose literary qualifications and great experience on the frontiers are said to eminently fit him for so noble a task.

A special feature of the book is its apt and profuse illustrations, embracing 220 superb engravings, illustrating incidents and persons—the latter embracing nearly 100 life-like portraits of pioneer leaders never before given—men and women—which make it a sort of *picture gallery*, as well as a book of thrilling narrative, that will lend to the book a charm and interest not to be resisted.

It is sold by subscription, through canvassing agents, and presents an opportunity to agents to make money especially inviting. We advertise it in another column.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 15-37-1yeow

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

V. S. C., "L."

—Oh yes, circus day will be an exciting occasion. The people who come to town will want to buy fruit and candy, and perhaps groceries to carry home with them. Go to Harry Teats & Co.

—The jail heater is being torn out and a Conqueror going in by H. K. Hicks.

New Advertisements.

GRAND FALL OPENING

AT THE

BEE HIVE

ONE PRICE STORES,

SATURDAY, October 13,

MONDAY, October 15,

TUESDAY, October 16.

During which time we will offer the following

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

IN THE LADIES' DEPARTMENT:

150 Linen Table Spreads at 50c, worth $1.00.

100 Linen Damask Spreads at 90 c., worth $1.75.

50 doz. Ladies' Merino Vests at 25c., worth 50c.

50 doz. Ladies' Woolen Hose, regular made, latest styles, at 25c., worth 50c.

100 doz. Misses and Children's Woolen Hose at 10c., worth 25.

50 dozen Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs, warranted linen—colored borders—10c., worth 25c.

50 doz. do. do., extra fine, 15c., worth 30c.

100 school bags 5c., worth 25c.

IN THE GENTS' DEPARTMENT:

50 doz. Men's scarlet wool shirts and drawers at 85c., worth $1.25.

50 doz Men's wool shirts and drawers at $1.25, worth $1.75.

50 dozen blue mixed, at 40 c. worth 65c.

50 dozen blue mixed woolen seamless socks at 15c worth 30c.

250 Neck scarfs, latest styles, at 25c. worth 50c.

50 Lap Robes, heavy for winter, $1.50, worth $3.00.

P. S.—These goods will be dealt out upon the principal of first come first served, but in order to insure a fair distribution only a limited quantity will be sold to each customer.

An elegant souvenir will be presented to each of our visitors on this occasion.

Respectfully yours,

GOLDSMITH BROS.,

Bellefonte, Pa.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Worth township, Centre Co., Pa., on or about the 15th of July, 1883, a Red Steer, supposed to be about two years old, a short slit in right ear and piece off of left ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away or he will be disposed of according to law.

Sept27 2t JOSEPH HARPSTER.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Worth township, Centre county, Pa., on the 22d of September, 1883, a Red Bull, supposed to be eighteen months old, with half of right ear off and slit in left ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away or he will be disposed of according to law.

Sept27 2t H. M. D NING.

Miscellaneous.

THE

GEO. WOODS'

Pianos AND Organs

Are the finest in TONE.

Are the finest in DESIGN.

Are the finest in WORKMANSHIP.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE WITH MUSIC FREE.

Geo. Woods' Company,

608 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

15 37 4t

DISEASE CURED

Without Medicine.

A Valuable Discovery for supplying Magnetism to the Human System. Electricity and Magnetism utilized as never before for Healing the Sick.

THE MAGNETION APPLIANCE CO.'S

Magnetic Kidney Belt

FOR MEN IS

WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED, the following diseases without medicine:—*Pain in the Back, Hips, Head or Limbs, Nervous Debility, Lumbago, General Debility Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Diseases of the Kidneys Spinal Diseases, Torpid Liver, Gout, Seminal Emissions, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Indigestion, Hernia or Rupture, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Dumb Ague etc.*

When any debility of the GENERATIVE ORGANS occurs, **Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Wasting Weakness and all those Diseases of a personal nature,** from whatever cause, the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the parts, must restore them to a healthy action. There is no mistake about this appliance.

TO THE LADIES:—If you are afflicted with *Lame Back, Weakness of the Spine, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Barrenness, and Change of Life, this is the best Appliance and Curative Agent known.*

For all forms of FEMALE DIFFICULTIES it is unsurpassed by anything before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitalization.

Price of either Belt with Magnetic Insoles, $10, sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price. In ordering send measure of waist and size of shoe. Remittance can be made in currency, sent in letter at our risk.

The Magneton Garments are adapted to all ages, are worn over the under-clothing, (not next the body like the many Galvanic and Electrical Humbugs advertised so extensively), and should be taken off at night. They hold their POWER FOREVER, and are worn at all seasons of the year.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment without Medicine," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETON APPLIANCE CO.,

218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively no cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.

TO PRESERVE THE HEALTH

Use the Magneton Appliance Co.'s

Magnetic Lung Protector!

Price Only $5.

They are priceless to LADIES, GENTLEMEN and CHILDREN with WEAK LUNGS; no case of Pneumonia or Croup is known where these garments are worn. They also prevent and cure *Heart Difficulties, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Throat Troubles, Diphtheria, Catarrh, and all kindred diseases.* Will *wear* any service for *three years.* Are worn over the under clothing.

Catarrh. It is needless to describe the symptoms of this nauseous disease that is sapping the life and strength of only too many of the fairest and best of both sexes. Labor, study and research in America, Europe and Eastern lands have resulted in the Magnetic Lung Protector, affording cure for Catarrh, a remedy which contains NO DRUGGING OF THE SYSTEM, and with the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the afflicted organs must restore them to a healthy action. We place our price for this Appliance at less than one twentieth of the price asked by others for remedies upon which you take all the chances, and we *especially invite* the patronage of the many persons who have tried drugging their stomachs without effect.

How to Obtain This Appliance. Go to your druggist and ask for them. If they have not got them, write to the proprietors, enclosing the price in letter at our risk, and they will be sent to you at once by mail, post paid.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical treatment WITHOUT MEDICINE," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETON APPLIANCE CO.,

218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively *no cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.*

W. H. Wilkinson.

HEADQUARTRES FOR

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

W. H. WILKINSON, Agent.

DEALER IN

China, Glass and Queensware, &c.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

PRICE LIST:

WHITE GRANITE, IN BEST QUALITY ONLY.

Tea Sets, handled, 58 pieces	$ 3.50
Dinner Sets, 113 pieces	12.50
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.00
Pitcher and Basin	1.00
Chamber, covered	75
Cups and saucers, per set, 12 pieces	50

C. C. WARE. BLACK STAMP.

Pitcher and basin	$ 75
Chamber, covered	50

ROCKINGHAM AND YELLOW WARE.

Tea Pots, Baking Dishes, Nappies, Bowls, Jelly Moulds, &c., &c.

THIN PORCELAIN WARE (best imitation of French China).

Dinner sets, 125 pieces, the handsomest set in market.. $ 16.00

Any number of pieces sold in either PORCELAIN or GRANITE. We carry a full assortment in both.

FRENCH CHINA.

Tea Sets, in plain China. Gold band, Gold lines, decorated with flowers, &c., &., at $6.50, $9.00 $10.00, $11.00, $12.00, and $15.00.

DECORATED WARE. ENGLISH GOODS.

Tea Sets, decorated in Blue, Brown or Black, 56 pieces	$ 4.25
Dinner Sets, 128 pieces	20.00
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.50

Our stock of DECORATED CHAMBER SETS will be found very complete. We show 20 different styles from $3.50 to $20.00

ENGLISH MAJOLICA—FULL ASSORTMENT

TABLE GLASSWARE.

Full stock in all styles and quality, from plain glass to finest crystal imported. A good Tumbler 4c., do Goblet 6c; a Handsome Glass Set, 4 pieces, 35c.; a very pretty Glass Castor, 4 bottles, 75c., and numerous other useful and ornamental articles at equally low prices.

FANCY GOODS.

IN CHINA, MAJOLICA, JAPANESE and ENAMELED WARE, COLORED GLASS, &c., CONSISTING OF AFTER DINNER COFFEE SETS, HANDSOME TACES, WINE SETS, WATER SETS, FRUIT SETS, ICE CREAM and BERRY SETS, CUPS AND SAUCERS, FRUIT PLATES, NUT TRAYS, SALADS, CELERY GLASSES CELERY TRAYS, (new) PICKLES, SALT and PEPPERS, INDIVIDUAL BUTTERS, TEA POTS, SPOON HOLDERS, TEA POT TILES, SUGAR BOWLS, CREAMS, BOWLS, BUTTER DISH, FRUIT SAUCERS, MUSTARD CUPS, PITCHERS, SYRUP JUGS, OYSTER PLATES, FISH SETS, BREAD AND MILK SETS, CANDLE STICKS, MATCH BOXES, FLOWER STANDS, JARDENIERS, CUSPADORES, ASH RECEIVERS, &c., &c., &c.

GOODS PACKED AND DELIVERED AT DEPOT WITHOUT CHARGE.

15 28 3m

Miscellaneous.

Books--- 500,000

VOLUMES, the choicest literature of the world. 100-PAGE CATALOGUE FREE. Lowest prices ever known. NOT sold by dealers. Sent for examination before payment on evidence of good faith.

JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher,

P.O. Box 1227 37 4t 18 Vesey St., N. Y.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County to take testimony and ascertain and report any existing liens against the real estate of John T. Clark late of Liberty township, deceased, described in the proceedings in partition of said estate, will meet all parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his office in the Borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 18th day of October, 1883. E. M. BLANCHARD, 15 37 3t Auditor.

Miscellaneous.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Catherine E. Stover, deceased, widow of S. H. Stover, late of Boalsburg, Harris township, Centre county, Pa., he requests all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said deceased to come forward and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate to present the same, duly authenticated, for settlement to F. B. STOVER, Adm'r. Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa. 15 35 51 4t1d

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came to the premises of the undersigned, near Jacksonville, in Marion township, on or about the 1st of September, 1883, two white heifers, each having a red mark on belly, and one red steer, having piece off of left ear and notch on under side of right ear. One of the heifers marked the same. All of them are about two years old. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, claim property and pay charges, or they will be disposed of according to law.

Jacksonville, Sept. 19, 1883. W. H. PIFER. 36 6t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Preparing to Count Butler In.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—A careful analysis of Mayor Palmer's appointments of election officers in this city shows conclusively a studiously arranged plan to place the strongly democratic polling precincts in the hands of democrats and enable those precincts to return such overwhelming majorities for Butler as shall be invincible. It is also no doubt the purpose the democratic managers to use the same agency at the coming city election to perpetuate the rule of the gang. As an illustration of Palmer's method, it may be stated that in one case he has named as warden in one precinct and as clerk in another the same man, a republican. He must resign one or the other places. In such case, the deputy, a democrat, steps into the vacancy. In other cases he has named as republicans men who cannot serve and whose places will be filled by democratic deputies, or by election at the polls, where the voters will be almost wholly democratic.

The evident intent of all this rascality is to provide for trusty Butler men to have the handling and the counting of the ballots, at the strong democratic polling places, and thus provide for unlimited majorities for the democratic ticket. The indignation at this hitherto unknown villainy in Boston elections is intense and the design of the democratic managers may react against them.

Was Greely Murdered?

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The *Times* gives a report from Upper Navik, correspondence of the Copenhagen *Journal*, that Lieutenant Greely, of the American Arctic expedition, was murdered by a mutinous crew. The report comes from Hans Hendrick, an Esquimaux, with Dr. Natherst. Hendrick states he got the news from an Esquimaux, at Cape York. The *Times* considers the report improbable, as Dr. Natherst has never mentioned it. [Dr. Natherst was geologist of the Nordenskjold expedition]. Professor Nordenskjold telegraphed to the Associated Press from Scribster, under date of September 22, that an Esquimaux named Hans Christian, who was interpreter with Dr. Natherst, is reported as having met a party of Esquimaux at Godhaven who had come from Waisterholm. The party stated that they had been informed by other natives that the commander of the American expedition and another of the party were dead. The report printed in the London *Times* may have been based upon the same report.

Pittsburgh's Loss.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 3.—The magnificent buildings of the Pittsburg exposition society, on the north bank of the Allegheny river, have been totally destroyed. The immense structures, with their almost endless variety of exhibits, illustrative of every branch of art, science and mechanical skill, which were yesterday visited by thousands of people, and since the opening on September 6 by one hundred thousand, are now a miniature mass of splintered and powdered embers and curled and tangled iron. The destruction is complete, and nothing but the site remains of the home of specimens of brain and brawn in which Pittsburg felt so much pride.

The loss will probably reach one million. Secretary Patterson places the value of the buildings destroyed $150,000. The exhibitors will sustain a loss of about $800,000. An irreparable loss, however, was occasioned by the destruction of the relic department. The cash value of articles contained therein did not exceed $10,000, but many cannot be replaced. In the annex was the "Arabian," the first locomotive that ever ran in the United States. It was also destroyed. The Great Western band loses a full set of splendid instruments.

A Victory for the Western Union.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 2.—The New York Court of Appeals rendered a decision to-day in the case of Hatch and Williams vs. the Western Union Telegraph Company, in which the decision of the General Term is reversed and the corporation sustained at every point. This decision legalizes the $15,000,000 issue of stock dividends and the various dilutions of water which have swelled the capital stock of the company to $80,000,000. It appears that Judges Ruger and Danforth, of the court, are stockholders in the Western Union Company and both sat through the arguments, although not joining publicly in the decision. This is the court of last resort, from which no further appeals can be taken.

The French in a Sea of Trouble.

LONDON, October 3.—The *Times* in an editorial says: The government which cannot secure a courteous reception for a national guest in its own capital can hardly be acquitted of weakness and incapacity, even if it escapes suspicion on the score of sincerity and good will. During the brief tenure of office of M. Challamel Lacour, the French minister of foreign affairs, he has irritated Germany, ruffled the good will of England and also quarreled with China. The complete isolation to which he has reduced France has had its natural result in the outbreak against King Alfonso.

A Confidence Sharper.

GREENSBURG, Pa., October 1.—A few days ago Lewis Tranger, a prominent merchant and president of the Farmers' and Mechanics' National bank of this place, went to New York to buy goods for his store. After finishing his business, he was returning to the Metropolitan hotel preparatory to leaving for home, when he was accosted on Broome street by a confidence sharper, who represented himself as H. B. Clark, a nephew of Judge Clark, of this place. After inveigling Tranger into a private apartment and drugging him, a check for $1,800 was obtained and $10 in cash. After leaving the room Mr. T. telegraphed, stopping payment on the check. The check was presented at the bank here a few days ago and was protested. It is now in the hands of W. H. Klingensmith for collection. Mr. T. will allow the matter to go into court rather than pay.

A Curious Accident.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., Oct. 1.—The condition of John Carling, of this place, whose breast was passed over by a New Jersey Central railroad gondola on Friday last, has encouraged his friends and attending physicians to believe that his recovery is certain. The accident that Carling met with is one of the strangest on record. He was in a stooping position examining the brake beam of the car when the train started, and in the presence of several railroaders the wheels passed over his chest. The weight of the car was not less than 16,000 pounds. The marks of the flanges of the wheels are plainly visible on his breast. It seems impossible that Carling could escape being crushed to death, as many railroad men have been by being caught in the manner stated.

The Pittsburg Regetta.

HILTON, Pa., October 1.—The water to-day is as smooth as glass. The weather is clear and pleasant and the attendence large. The professional race was won by Teemer. When the start was made Conley took the lead closely followed by Ross, with Teemer, Hosmer and Hamm bringing up the rear in the order named. At the ¾ stake Hamm passed the others and came up even with Conly. In this order the buoy was turned, the mile and a half being made in 8.59. On the Home stretch Hamm spurted and went to the front, but Teemer quickly overtook him, and for the last three quarters the race was between these two. Near the finish Teemer took the lead and came in, winning by four lengths. Time, 20.11. Hosmer's boat sprung a leak at the buoy and he stopped rowing.

A Titusville Pastor's Farewell.

TITUSVILLE, Sept. 30.—Dr. Theodore L. Flood, of the *Chautauquan*, preached his closing sermon here this evening to an immense audience, having officiated for the past year and devoted the pastor's salary to aged and infirm members of the denomination. He said he had a farewell sermon to preach. He loved Titusville and Titusville would always have an advertising agent in him, though his duties as editor of the *Chautauquan* would prevent his acceptance of the unanimous call for another year. The conference, which meets at New Castle, will fill the vacancy. An elegant reception was given Dr. Flood and wife Saturday evening at the residence of H. P. Chamberlain.

Fearful Powder Explosion.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The explosion of the California Powder Works, situated near Finole, on the Central Pacific railroad, on Friday, took place in the mixing room. The immediate cause will never probably be known, as all those engaged in the room, comprising forty Chinamen and one white overseer, were blown to atoms. Scraps of their bodies are being picked up in different directions, at a distance of a quarter of a mile from the scene of the disaster. This makes the third explosion in these powder works, which are reckoned among the largest on the coast, and which employ twenty white men and 125 Chinamen.

The Champions' Reception.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—An immense crowd greeted the Athletic base ball club to-night on their arrival from the west. The champions arrived at 7:35 in charge of a reception committee which had travelled to Harrisburg to meet them, and were met by on enthusiastic crowd at the depot. A parade was formed, and all along the line houses and stores were hung with flags, bunting and illuminations. Among the newspapers the display of bunting was particularly noticeable, while the *Evening Call* had a full band in line. At the state house the procession was reviewed by the mayor.

Another Cadet Accused of Hazing.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Sept. 30.—Naval Cadet Tennant, of Michigan, of the second class, was placed on board the United States ship Santee to-day, charged with hazing a fourth class man last night. Cadet Tennant only returned from leave yesterday and had not yet taken off his citizen's suit before he had committed the act for which he was put under arrest. The cadet repudiates the charge that his conduct was hazing. Two other cadets are also charged with hazing other fourth class men. A court of inquiry is in progress in their cases, but their arrest has not yet been made.

A Fatal Tragedy.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, Oct. 2.—A special to the Hawkeye from Iowa Station, Ill., on the Carthage branch of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, gives an account of a fatal tragedy there to-day. William Diver, a deaf mute, who was rejected by his brother's widow, attempted to kill her with a hand axe, and inflicted serious injuries. Interrupted in his endeavor to spiritualize his sister-in-law, he cut his own throat and pounded himself on the head with the axe until he fell dead. The woman will recover.

It Will Cost You Nothing

to get from Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard street, Philadelphia, an honest opinion of your case, if you are suffering from any chronic disease, as consumption, catarrh, neuralgia, rheumatism, or nervous irritability and weakness. They are making wonderful cures with their new Compound Oxygen Treatment. Write to them and give a clear statement of your case. They will answer promptly as to the chances of a cure. They will make no charge for consultations. If, however, you do not wish to consult them at present, drop a postal card, asking for their Treatise on Compound Oxygen, in which you will find a history of its discovery, nature and action, and a large number of reports of difficult and desperate cases which they have treated successfully. It will be sent free.

Shot Dead by a Mill-Owner.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 30.—Wolfred Girard, of Holden, was shot and fatally wounded on the highway in that town Saturday night by C. Toushon, a former mill-owner. It is claimed that the shooting was accidental. Toushon was afraid of robbers and had his pistol in his hand as he was driving along. His horse shied when it came upon Girard and two companions, causing the revolver to go off, the ball entering Girarid's side.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

Pushed Into the Water and Drowned.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 30.—Late last night Peter Donbecker and August Fink quarreled in a saloon, at the corner of Findley street and the canal, about an alleged insult that Fink had offered a lady who was with Donbecker. The dispute was continued on the street and when Fink reached the bank of the canal Donbecker pushed him into the water and he was drowned. The murderer was arrested.

Nothing but herbs, roots and seeds enter into the composition of Smith's German Olio.

Declared a Draw.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Charles Mitchell and William Sheriff, alias 'The Prussian,' this afternoon fought seven rounds, marquis of Queensbury rules, points and endurance to count, at a secluded spot on Long Island. The batile resulted in a draw, as the terms of the match only called for six rounds. Neither of the men were much punished. All bets were declared off.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

Two Ladies Killed.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., October 1.—Mrs. Henry Kern and Mrs. Conrad Best, aged 38 and 75 years, were run over and instantly killed on the Lehigh and Susquehanna railroad at Lockport this evening, while walking on the track in the direction of their homes. Both were widows.

We have a speedy and positive cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth and Headache in *Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy*, a nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and a sweet breath. Price, 50 cents. Sold by John Harris.

A New Use for Milk.

NASHUA, N. H., October 1.—During a thunder storm on Saturday night the residence of Harvey Wheeler, situated in Amherst, was struck by lightning and Mrs. Wheeler was killed. Water being scarce upon the premises Wheeler extinguished the fire with milk.

FLIES AND BUGS.—Flies roaches, nats, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Small-pox in Illinois.

MATTOON, Illinois, Oct. 1.—A fatal case of confluent smallpox occurred on Friday near this city and as the patient was visited by several neighbors before the nature of the disease was known, fears of an epidemic prevail and the public schools have been closed.

THAT HUSBAND OF MINE is three times the man he was before he began using "Wells' Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 15 22 1y

CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.—Stinging irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by Buchu-paiba." $1.

Sanguinary Baptism Service.

GALVESTON, Tex., October 1.—In the Baptist meeting house at Comanche on Sunday, after preaching, the congregation went to a creek to witness the baptisms. Two brothers Robert and William Butcher, remained in the building and got into a quarrel with one Harris. Robert received the contents of a shot gun carried by Harris and died instantly. William Butcher and Harris then struggled for possession of the gun and Harris was so badly beaten on the head that he may die. William Butcher was arrested. The origin of the trouble is not stated.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

Miscellaneous.

AGENTS WANTED for the New Book,

DEEDS OF DARING

By BLUE AND GRAY.

The great collection of the most thrilling personal adventures on both sides during the great Civil War. Intensely interesting accounts of scouts and spies, forlorn hopes, heroic bravery, imprisonments and hairbreadth escapes, romantic incidents, hand-to-hand struggles, humerous and tragic events, perilous journeys, bold dashes, brilliant successes and magnanimous actions on each side the line. 70 chapters, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED to the life. No other book at all like it. Outsells everything. Address SCAMMELL & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

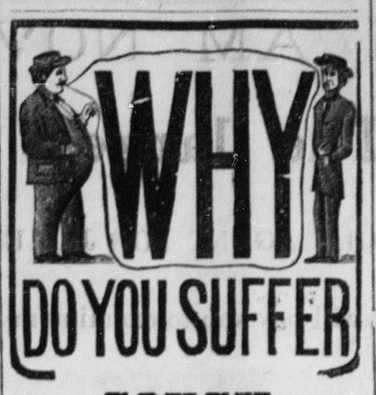
aug29 6m

BARTRUFF'S

Is the place to go for

New Carriages, Buggies, Wagons and to have old ones repaired

Miscellaneous.



With that **COUGH** when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of

TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price **50 cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA.

J. AS. HARRIS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

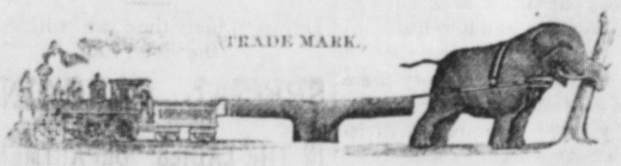
Hardware and Stoves,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

Michael Levi & Co.

EXCELSIOR M'F'G CO.



JUST STOP AND THINK!

Where Do You Buy Your Clothes?

In asking you the above question we simply desire you to examine closely three main points:

1st. Quality—Material.

2d. Style—Fit and Work.

3d. Price—Size of Bill.

And when you are satisfied with conclusions, pay us a visit, and we will guarantee quality of material, style of fit and work and a net saving of 10 per cent.

Men's Suits from $4.00 upwards.

Youths' Suits from $3.50 upwards.

Boys' Suits from $2.88 upwards.

CHILDREN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

IS COMPLETE IN ALL GRADES.

Men's Working Pants as Low as 75 Cents.

FOR 30 DAYS ONLY,

We will give every purchaser of a Boy's or Child's Suit a present of a Hat.

A FULL LINE OF

Hats, Caps, Trunks, Valises, Etc.

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

SIGN

KEYSTONE.

ALLEGHENY STREET, UNDER REYNOLDS' OPERA HOUSE

BELLEFONTE, PA.

MICHAEL LEVI & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. 15 7 1y

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table May 14, 1883.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 13
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 30
East Tyrone	7 37	8 37
Vail	7 40	8 40
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 45
Fowler	7 54	8 56
Hannah	7 57	8 59
Port Matilda	8 05	9 09
Martha	8 13	9 17
Julian	8 23	9 26
Unionville	8 33	9 37
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 47
Milesburg	8 45	9 50
Bellefonte	8 55	10 00
Milesburg	9 05	10 10
Curtin	9 15	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 28
Howard	9 26	10 32
Eagleville	9 36	10 42
Beech Creek	9 40	10 46
Mill Hall	9 52	10 58
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 14, 1883.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.18 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.30 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.04 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m, arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, May 14, 1883.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	6 20
Penn's Furnace	1 18	5 40
Hostler	1 28	5 50
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loveville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 56
L. and T. Junc	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 00	9 20
L. & T. Junc	4 04	9 25
Weston Mill	4 14	9 33
Pennington	4 31	9 48
Warriors Mark	4 42	9 58
Furnace Road	4 57	10 12
Loveville	5 02	10 16
Marengo	5 07	10 22
Hostler	5 17	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 27	10 44
Fairbrook	5 47	11 03
Scotia	6 20	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, Oct. 2, 1882:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
" arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		8 20 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 30 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 50 p m
" " Lock Haven		4 10 p m
" " Renovo		5 45 p m
" " Kane		9 45 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 10 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 05 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 15 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 15 p m
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXP. leaves L. H.		6 50 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
arr at Harrisburg		11 35 a m
" Philadelphia		3 20 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 55 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11 35 a m
" " Renovo		9 25 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 45 p m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 05 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

T. GUCKER, Gen'l Supt.

Hop Bitters.

If and If.

"If you are suffering from poor 'health or languishing on a bed of 'sickness, take cheer, if you are 'simply ailing, or if you feel weak 'and dispirited, without clearly 'knowing why, Hop Bitters will 'surely cure you."

"If you are a minister, and have 'overtaxed yourself with your pastoral duties, or a mother, worn out with 'care and work, or a man of business 'or labor weakened by the strain of 'your everyday duties, or a man of letters, toiling over your midnight work, 'Hop Bitters will surely strengthen 'you."

"If you are suffering from 'over-eating or drinking, any 'indiscretion or dissipation, or 'are young and growing too 'fast, as is often the case,"

"Or if you are in the workshop, on 'the farm, at the desk, anywhere, and 'feel that your system needs cleansing 'toning or stimulating, without intoxicating, if you are old, blood thin and 'impure, pulse feeble, nerves unsteady, 'faculties waning, Hop Bitters is what 'you need to give you new life, health 'and vigor."

If you are costive or dyspeptic, or suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you are ill.

If you are wasting away with any form of kidney disease, stop tempting death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters.

If you are sick with that terrible sickness, nervousness, you will find a "Balm in Gilead" in Hop Bitters.

If you are a frequenter or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have rough, pimply or sallow skin, bad breath, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, the sweetest breath, and health. $500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

That poor, bed-ridden, invalid, wife, sister, mother, or daughter, can be made the picture of health by a few bottles of Hop Bitters, costing but a trifle. 15-9-1y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The forest foliage is attractive.

—Confectionery men are laying in a big stock of peanuts for show day.

—The Presbytery of Northumberland met at Williamsport last week.

—An interesting article on "The White Heresy" will be found on the second page.

—The Philipsburg *Journal* entered its sixteenth volume with the issue of Friday, Sep. 28.

—It was as slow work to tear down the arches of the Spring creek bridge as it was to build them.

—The pavement in front of Mr. Isaac Thomas' new residence is to be the finest in the borough.

—The councilmen were dilatory in putting in appearance at the council chamber at the last meeting.

—The Presbytery of Huntingdon was in session last week in the Presbyterian church of Mt. Union.

—Now is a good time to purchase a young turkey. Then fatten it yourself and invite your neighbors in.

—The electric (?) light in front of Mr. William Lyon's meat market on Bishop street is now in nightly use.

—Most if not all the churches began services at 7 o'clock last Sunday evening, to continue at that hour during the winter.

—A letter addressed "Miss Maud Hener, Lime Ridge, Centre county Pa.," remains in the postoffice for more explicit directions.

—The water pipe extending across Spring creek at the High street bridge interferes with the operations of the workmen. What shall be done with it?

—The board of managers of the Y M. C. A. were entertained on Tuesday evening, the 2d. at the residence of Dr. J. W. Rhone, President of the Association.

—As the time approaches for hunting big game the old deer slayers begin to congregate at Deschner's gunstore to converse and speculate as to what the harvest will be.

—Buttermilk is said to be a sure cure for dyspepsia. If this is a fact Irv. Hagerman need never suffer from this malady. He puts away a couple gallons of the oily liquid at one sitting.

—Arrangements are being completed for the course of lectures to be given under the auspices of the entertainment committee of the Y. M. C. A. It will include much that is excellent.

—The new building to be erected by Mr. Theo. Deschner on Water street, north of High, is intended for a gun shop. It will be sixty feet long by twenty wide. Mr. D. will begin work immediately.

—A Philadelphia showman advertises for attractions for the season of '84. He had better send his agent to Bellefonte to inspect the local scribe of the *Democrat* office. He is considered a rare bird about here.

—The funeral of Mrs. J. D. Shugart, which took place on Monday, the 1st, at her late residence on Linn street, was one of the largest that has occurred in Bellefonte in many years. A number of friends and relatives from a distance were present.

—The base ball season being over, how would a spelling match take in Bellefonte for a change? We believe it would draw better than a minstrel show. The buzz of the spelling bee has not been heard in this locality for many a month.

—The circus posters on Bishop street are brilliantly attractive. One cut represents a huge bicycle with a man perched on the lofty seat and the vehicle doubtless spinning along at a lively rate. For general extravagance the modern circus poster is peculiar.

—The Grangers' store at Milesburg is no more, the Sheriff having swooped down on the concern and sold it out. The stock was purchased by Mr. Frank Adams for $1,300. We did not learn whether it was a lack of patronage or a too heavy credit business that run the establishment into the shoals.

—Mr. John Woodring, the efficient conductor of the construction train, has been off duty for a week past. His idleness is enforced and was occasion ed by coming in contact with some poisonous plants while on the mountain recently, causing him much inconvenience in their effect on his skin.

—The frisky steed belonging to the Adams Express Co., in this place took it into his head to get on a "bender" one morning recently, by running off from the stable with the wagon attached to him. He went about ten rods and then concluded to go back, but made so sharp a turn that the vehicle was upset, also the horse. The wagon top was pretty badly smashed and the animals legs were severely bruised.

The Hebrew Feasts.

Israelites throughout the world will celebrate a number of feasts this month that are among the most important of the whole year. The celebration began on Tuesday, the 2d of October. Tishr, which corresponds with the month of October of the Gentiles, is the first month of the Jewish year. The 1st day of Tishr is identical with the 2d of October and ushers in the year 5644 of the Hebrew chronology. The other festival days which are observed in the synagogues are the fast of Gedahah, on the 4th of Tishr; the Sabbath Teshubah, on the 6th; Day of Atonement, on the 11th; Feast of the Tabernacles, on the 16th and 17th; Hosana Raba, on the 22d; Sheimni Etseret, on the 23d; Sinichas Torah, on the 24th, and Sabbath Beresheth, on the 25th. On New Year's day the synagogues are open for divine service, which commences in the morning and continues until noon without any intermission. The ceremonies consist of prayer, singing of psalms, reading of the five books of Moses and a prayer by the rabbi. The festival is considered among the Israelites as one of the principal holidays and has been observed since the days of the laws of Moses. It is known as "Rosh Hoshana," or New Year; "Yom Hazekorown," or the day of remembrance, and "Yom Teruo," or the day of Sounding, from the fact that the rabbi blows the trumpet three times that day in remembrance of God's goodness. "Yom Kippur," or the day of Atonement, will be strictly observed by every Israelite in the world. The orthodox places of worship will be open at 8 o'clock in the morning and remain open until sundown. On this day any Jew who is conscious of having injured or wronged a neighber is bound to offer reparation. If any quarrel or dispute exists between any two Israelites they are obliged to become reconciled before going into the presence of God. All Jews are commanded to abstain from certain indulgences such as eating, drinking, bathing, perfuming, etc. The feast of tabernacles or the harvest home, has always been considered a season of festivity among the Hebrews the world over. The festival continues seven days, in which the Israelites express their gratitude to God for His goodness in abundantly supplying all their wants. On the first and eighth day the Hebrews are compelled to cease from all work.

The Meeting of Council.

It was after 8 o'clock Monday evening, the 1st, when council was called to order, President Ardell and Messrs. Crider, Walkey, Tate and Shortlidge being present. Clerk Mitchell read the minutes, which were approved.

Communications were received from Messrs. Theodore Deschner and Morris Cowdrick, the latter in reference to the opening of alley in rear of his residence and the former relative to a place for depositing earth which he is excavating on his property on High street. Both communications were referred to the Street committee.

Mr. Crider, for the Street committee, reported in favor of North, South, East and West High streets; that new gas burners have been purchased and put on the street lamps and give satisfaction; that work is being continued on High street bridge across Spring creek.

Mr. Shortlidge, chairman of the Water committee, reported in reference to recent purchases of coal for water works. The subject was referred by council to the committee.

President Ardell made a statement that the gas stock has been disposed of to the gas company and the only reason the money for it has not been paid over to council is because the certificates have not been produced. Certificate No. 60 for 120 shares, dated February 3, 1858, is receipted by B. Mitchell, and No. 210 for 68 shares, dated April 16, 1878, is receipted by James Harris. It is believed that the certificates will be found.

As the council chamber was quite cool business was completed as soon as possible. It is hoped that a stove will be put up and the room rendered more comfortable before the regular meeting of council on October 15.

Death of Mr. John Bland.

It is our painful duty to announce the death on Tuesday morning of last week, at his residence in this place, of Mr. John Bland. He had been ill for quite a long time, his disease being cancer of the stomach, which proves fatal in so many instances of late. Mr. Bland was a faithful and much respected man, and had been an employe of the Valentines for many years. He leaves a large family to mourn his death. They have our condolence in this the hour of severe affliction.

—The expenses of keeping the poor people of the borough of Bellefonte for month of September amounts to $130. This includes fuel, clothing and provision.

J. M. Keichline, O. of P.

Death of Mrs. Julia A. Hess.

The sturdy oak that had survived centuries of growth, fair and stormy weather and was regarded as the King of the Forest, was felled. The keen wind swept over the place where it had been, the roots decayed in the earth and it was known no more. Like grand oak trees—veritable monarchs of the forest—seem those lives which continue on and on while the more feeble lives who surround them pass away in youth and middle age.

Mrs. Julia A. Hess, mother of Mrs. H. Y. Stitzer of this place, breathed her last on Thursday morning at the residence of her daughter at 6:20 o'clock. Her maiden name was Julia A. Kerstetter. She was born in Haines township, this county, on the 15th of April, 1796. On the 12th of April, 1814, she was married to John Hess. Her age at the time of death was 87 years, 5 months and 22 days.

Four children survive her, viz: Adam S. Hess, of Boalsburg; Julia, intermarried with Rev. W. H. Groh, of the Reformed church, Boalsburg; John G. Hess, of Pine Grove; and Hannah M., the wife of H. Y. Stitzer, Esq. Three children preceded her to the grave, viz: William, Thomas and Margaret.

Mrs. Hess had made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Stitzer, since the latter's marriage. She was an unusually strong and robust lady. Up to the time of her illness, which began during last winter, she was the most active member of Mr. S's household. She arose early on the morning of each day and indomitable energy characterized her movements until night would spread its sable folds over all. Her illness did not evince itself in suffering, but was a gradual giving away of physical powers. She sank into that last earthly sleep which shall see a glorious awakening. She was a member of the Lutheran church.

—A very great pressure was brought to bear on the county commissioners last week. The Lutherans came around with arguments of four hundred years' development and asked for permission to use the Court House for their Memorial services. Mr. Wolf was seriously impressed with the propriety of granting this request. Then came the members of the African Conference and eloquently plead for the privilege of meeting in the hall of justice. The "man and brother" was omnipotent with Mr. Campbell. The ladies came next and urged that a cause which accomplishes so much good should be granted the privilege of assembling in that public place. Griest was touched in a tender spot and said that he would never go back on the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Consequently, all the petitions have been granted.

—The sweet, delicious, daffadowndilly young swell who writes for the *Centre Democrat* has our heart-felt thanks for his compliments this morning. "Precocious!" that is like music to our ears. But how basely ungrateful it was to accompany this flattery with the assertion that we quote from the *Democrat*. Oh, artless Augustine, have you no sympathy for our tender feelings? Have you, in your capacious bosom, no appreciation of the fitness of things? Do give us credit for the least bit of taste, and never accuse us of quoting from the *Democrat*.

—It is thought that a High street man has concealed some sort of a patent squirt-gun beneath one of the bricks in the sidewalk before his house which he operates with a string leading from the cellar. There seems to be some cause for this belief, as several parties who have stepped upon that brick recently have been surprised by the sudden discharge of about a pint of thin mud up their boot-leg. The matter is to be investigated and if found guilty the fiend will be mobbed.

—The number of 2-cent postage stamps sold on Monday, Oct. 1, the first day of issue, was about twice as large as an ordinary day's sale of 3-cent stamps. It is not expected that this rate of sale will continue, however. Persons who have 3-cent stamps on hand (and there are said to be about $2,000,000 worth in circulation) can make use of them in connection with a 1-cent stamp when double-rate postage is required.

—The secretary of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this place announces that Mrs. Hunt, of Boston, will lecture on the evenings of Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 10 and 11, in the Court House. Subject, "Scientific Temperance Instruction in the Schools." School directors and teachers will be much interested in this lecture and they and the public generally are requested to be present.

—Hundreds of barrels of cider are being made.

Correct Deer Law.

Owing to the frequent changes in game laws, there is always more or less misunderstanding at the opening of the season, and we therefore quote he provisions of the law of June 29, 1883, as relating to deer. There is nothing new contained in it save the change of date. It is as follows:

The act prohibits the killing of deer except between October 1st and December 15th, next following, and also prohibits any person from having in his possession and offering for sale or transport any wild deer or fresh venison except only between the 1st day of October and the 30th day of December next following.

The killing of spotted fawn at any time is unlawful.

The running of dogs is prohibited, and a fine of $50 is imposed upon any person who shall kill a deer which has been chased into the water by dogs.

To have the fresh skin of a deer or fawn in possession is made an offence, punishable the same as having fresh venison in possession out of season.

Dogs pursuing wild deer may be killed by any person, and constables or any other town officers may kill any dog that habitually pursues deer. The owner of such dog is made liable to a penalty of $10 for each deer killed by his dog.

All acts or parts of acts which are inconsistent with the foregoing provisions are repealed.

Luther Memorial Services.

The date has been appointed for the Luther Memorial Services to be conducted under the auspices of the Lutheran church of this place. They will be held on Friday, October 26, and will consist of three sessions—morning, afternoon and evening. An address will be delivered in the morning by Rev. Dr. Wolf, of Gettysburg. In the afternoon Rev. J. G. Morris, D. D., L. L. D., of Baltimore, will speak. Rev. Dr. Morris is president of the General Synod and is the most prominent man in the Lutheran church in America. He is also celebrated for his writings and addresses on Luther and his remarks will be wonderfully interesting. The exercises of the evening will consist of short addresses by several of the visiting clergymen. Representatives from all the Centre county Lutheran churches will be present and also from adjoining counties.

—According to the terms of the contract we believe the masonry work of the High street bridge should have been finished last week, but it is needless to inform our readers that the work of erecting the abutments is not yet half accomplished. We are aware that the builders have labored under some disadvantages but not withstanding that it does seem that, with good management, the work might have been much nearer completion to-day than it is. Merchants at lower end of High street complain that the delay is injuring their business. But be that as it may, there is no denying the fact that matters are very dull in that quarter of town after 6 o'clock p. m.

—A good story was told us recently at the expense of John Barnhart, the big Democrat of Spring township. Some one found a bee tree some where, we believe, on his farm, and John, who is a lover of bees, procured the assistance of another party and started off to capture the honeymakers. The tree was cut down and the section containing the bees detached from the trun . John then stepped up and lifted the log in the air to take a peep through it, when, lo, and behold! a big wasp's nest met his gaze. It is needless to add that John hurried home considerably disgusted.

—The State Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union to be held in this place this week, beginning on Wednesday, the 10th, will be one of the most interesting gathering that ever assembled in Bellefonte. The most prominent temperance women in the State will be attracted hither who will deliver addresses which will be entertaining and instructive. The public are invited to all the meetings and we have every reason to expect that the Court House will be thronged on each occasion.

—Mr. Charles McLaughlin, of Milesburg, purchased a horse on Friday, September 28. The next morning he went out to the stable with the intention of hitching up and taking a drive, but on opening the stable door he concluded to postpone it. The horse was dead in his stall.

—A Milesburg lady, so we are informed, had her husband arrested on Monday on the charge of assault and battery. She has been abused by him before and does not propose to let him have it all his own way any longer.

A Pleasant Reception.

Misses Mary Ann McGill and Lizzie Humes returned from Houtzdale on Tuesday evening, the 2d instant, to take up their future abode in Bellefonte, and were accorded a fine reception by their numerous friends. They were met at the train by two or three acquaintances, and, ostensibly on their way to the residence of Mr. William Humes, the carriage in which they were seated was taken along Allegheny street past the residence in which they are about to open a boarding house. Observing a brilliant light in the house and figures flitting from room to room, it was natural that they should enter to see the improvements which they were told had been made to some of the interior arrangements. Once in, a genuine surprise awaited them. The rooms were thronged with friends who pressed forward to meet and welcome them. Then the hours until late in the night were passed in the pleasures which usually attend such gatherings. The number present was about fifty. As a house-warming and as a social gathering it was a grand success.

—That "stone wall" which looms up on the sidewalk on Howard street, before Logan Hose house, has not yet been leveled to the earth, and pedestrians continue to stumble over it, and keel over it and swear over it. We will not say there is any occasion for doing the latter, but it is certainly very exasperating to collide with an obstruction of this kind on a dark night, and follow it up with another wreck the succeeding night. The sooner this evil is removed the sooner we shall desist from calling attention to it.

Horse Thief on His Travels.

The horse stolen from Mr. Amos Trout, of Westmoreland county, a week or two since, it is thought, from the description of the beast and thief, passed up Bald Eagle valley in the direction of Tyrone one day recently. For the return of the horse and thief the owner offers a reward of $200. This is a pretty big plum for some one, and ought to induce a sharp hunt for the criminal by the detectives of this region.

—Mr. Gallagher, the good-looking foreman of the work on the Spring creek bridge, says that the arch on the west side of the creek will not be removed at present as the effect of doing so would be to obstruct the flow of water too much. Work on the abutment on the east side of the creek will be commenced at once.

—Mr. Washington Campbell, of Ferguson township, departed a few days ago for Kansas. The object of his visit to that State is slightly uncertain, but it is loudly whispered that he will bring a wife home with him. He's kept pretty quiet about it, but truth will out, you know. He is a brother of Commissioner Campbell.

—The new dam built by Gerberich, Hale & Co., at the rear of the Bayard property, which was finished recently, is considered a good substantial job. It is stronger than the old structure, and will somewhat increase the water power at the mill.

—A salmon weighing twelve pounds was caught recently in the Lock Haven dam. This is considered a pretty big catch for that locality.

Miscellaneous.

PRESENT POWER.

To-Morrow a Long Way Off When Help is Wanted To-Day.

Comfort is never in a hurry. Pain and distress are in hot haste. It is to the "friend in need"—the friend who does something now—that the old adage pays the compliment of being a "friend indeed." That they do not keep the sufferer in suspense is the salient excellence of BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS. The plasters of other days—whether porous or otherwise—said—"Wait until to-morrow; we can promise nothing on the spur of the moment." But pain unrelieved, like hope deferred, maketh the heart sick. Benson's Plasters set on application. They permeate, soothe, warm and heal, containing, as they do, chemical and medicinal agents of the highest efficiency. Their motto is now, and the genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the middle of each plaster. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-39-4t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of Samuel VanTries, late of Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa., all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. THOMAS C. VAN TRIES, *Pennsylvania Furnace P. O., and* GEORGE L. VAN TRIES, *Bellefonte, Pa.*, Administrators. 10d4w35 5t

Miscellaneous.

Diamonds.

We ask the attention of purchasers to the Importations of Fine Diamonds now arriving.

To meet the demands of the most critical, and consequently the most prudent, we confine ourselves entirely to the sale of such diamonds as may be pronounced strictly first-class in quality.

Recognizing the fact that inferior stones have little intrinsic value, it has been our business aim to offer only such Diamonds as we can unhesitatingly recommend as a judicious money investment.

In Rubies, Emeralds, Sapphires, Cat's Eyes, and Rare colored Gems of all kinds, we have been fortunate in securing many beautiful specimens.

We desire to extend a most cordial invitation to our customers and others in this city to visit our store, now rendered additionally attractive, by reason of the many elegant goods of all kinds constantly arriving from abroad.

J. E. CALDWELL & Co.,
902 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

15 39 1y

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. jan1 d6mawly

SMITH'S

GERMAN OLIO!

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY

FOR

RHEUMATISM,

Neuralgia, Dyspepsia and all Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver and Kidneys.

For sale by all Dealers in Medicine at 50 cents a bottle.

Prepared and sold at wholesale by the

GERMAN OLIO COMPANY, (Limited),

32 Willow Street Williamsport, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA WHOLESALE AGENCIES: JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & Co., 602 Arch St. SMITH, KLINE & Co., 429 & 431 North Third Street. 15-33-1

75,000 Sold! AGENTS Wanted! The immediate and immense popularity of "TREASURY OF SONG" is owing to its being really a GRAND TREASURY of the best-loved GEMS of SONG. 500 pages, 300 pieces, such as *"Suwanee River," "O Rest in the Lord," "Hush thee, My Baby,"* etc., etc., which in sheet music would cost nearly $100; in this elegant volume only $2.50. *Eminent* critics, such as PATTI, NILSSON, WHITNEY, THOMAS, THURSBY, and others say it is: *"A perfect marvel of excellence." "Is full of genuine gems, and should be in every home."* No book like it. No competition. Demand is brisk. Agents are coining money. For terms and particulars address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, 15 37 4t Philadelphia, Pa.

Ladies and Gentlemen Wanted to Introduce **HOUSEWIFE'S LIBRARY!** (Many volumes in one.) as ORIGINAL and thorough treatment of ESSENTIAL home topics, comprising DOMESTIC COOKERY (over 1,000 recipes), HOUSE FURNISHING AND MANAGEMENT, INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR DECORATIONS, POLITE DEPORTMENT, GAMES, AMUSEMENTS, EMERGENCIES, CARE OF CHILDREN, ACCIDENTS and general hints on many subjects of vital interest to home and its happiness. Handsomely illustrated. A royal, grand and useful book; VERY CHEAP. Will sell immensely. Write for full particulars to HUBBARD BROS. 4 37 4t Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Mason & Hamlin Organs.

New Illustrated Catalogue, (40 pp. 4to) for season of 1883–4, including many new styles; the best assortment of the best and most attractive organs we have ever offered, and at lowest prices, $22 to $600, for cash, easy payments or rented. Sent free

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN & PIANO CO.

Boston, 154, Tremont St.; New York, 46 East 14th St.; Chicago, 149 Wabash Ave. 15 37 4t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Me. 14d6mAw1y

GOOD PAY FOR AGENTS.—$188 to $200 per mo. made selling our fine Books and Bibles. Write to J. C. McCURDY & Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 15 37 4t

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Call him either "Disy," the "Great Condescender" or "Artiste Augustine."

—Williamsport has a male inhabitant who never attended Sabbath school.

—The usual number of drunks on Saturday night. How many arrests were there?

—Large delegation came from Williamsport and Lock Haven on Friday to A. M. E Conference. Many ladies among them.

—Mr. S. H. Williams is painting his elegant residence on Reynolds' Avenue and expects to move into it in about two weeks.

—Mrs. Daniel Boileau, an esteemed resident of Milesburg, died at an early hour Friday morning, after a protracted illness.

—John Gaudam, proprietor of the Junction House, Lock Haven, is minus $510 in gold which he believes was stolen from him.

—Mr. Kurtz, of the Centre Hall *Reporter*, is of opinion that a slate roof should have been put on the Court House instead of shingles.

—Most of the *Centre Democrat* local news is two weeks old. The Great Condescender believes that locals, like wine, improve with age.

—Haines township boasts of two aged residents—Adam Winkleblech, 86 years old, and Mrs. Daniel Reed, who is said to be 93, and is quite active.

—The Presbyterian congregation of Centre Hall visited their pastor, Rev. W. K. Foster, and his lady on Thursday, Sept. 27, and spent a few hours very enjoyably.

—Twelve to three in favor of the Altoonas was the record in a game of base ball between that club and the Johnstown club which was played in Altoona on Thursday.

—Captain Robert Taggart, of Warren county, Democratic candidate for auditor general, attended the reunion of the 110th and 84th regiments at Huntingdon on Friday.

—By the great Artiste Augustine! The moon has been suspended in the heavens during the past two evenings and we omitted to mention the fact. We crave the moon's pardon.

—Early in the season we observed no fine apples, but the tempting appearance of this fruit now burdening the fruit stalls makes sufficient amends for past deficiencies.

—C. A. Potter, advertising agent with the sixth brigade of advertisers of 4Paws show, is billing the city and country. This makes seventy men who have appeared here ahead of this great show.

—Why don't the young folks of Bellefonte organize chestnut parties? Such expeditions are very popular among young ladies and gentlemen in many communities, but are never heard of in sleepy Bellefonte.

—His Satanic Majesty of the *Democrat* office was seen to run up High street more rapidly that usual on Friday afternoon. Perhaps that's an indication that the paper is to be more "lively" in the future.

—Mr. Calvin Steyers of near Coburn is the first victim of an accident while hunting during the present season. His 16-year-old brother thought he was a rabbit and shot at him, killing him almost instantly.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in this place on the 10th, 11th and 12th of this month. We are requested to again urge upon the women of Bellefonte to attend these meetings. Teachers and school directors are also cordially invited.

—Rev. Crittenden, in his recent return from a tour through Clinton county, brought with him a few samples of the tubers raised in that region. They are bouncing big fellows some of them weighing a pound, and excellent eating. We know this to be a fact, for we made a breakfast on one a few mornings since. Wonder when Mr. C. intends to visit the potato county again?

—The stable connected with the Vanderbilt House at Snow Shoe caught fire on Tuesday night of last week and was totally destroyed. The proprietor, Mr. John Delaney, suffers quite a serious loss in consequence. While the crowd were resting after their efforts to subdue the fire and also imbibing some liquid refreshment, a dwelling house near by owned by Mr. James Pope ignited and became a prey of the devouring flames. Part of the furniture was also burned. Mr. Pope's loss exceeds $500.

The Pittsburg Annual Conference of the A. M. E. Church.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

The opening devotional exercises were conducted by the Bishop. He read the 90th Psalm and also the 4th chapter of Romans. Prayer was offerred by Rev. B. W. Arnett, of Nashville, Tenn., general financial secretary of the entire A. M. E. church, and Rev. W. G. Ralph, of Sewickley, Pa. Singing also formed a portion of these exercises.

Rev. Cornelius Asbury, of Wylie Avenue, Pittsburg, was elected Secretary, and Rev. J. M. Palmer, assistant secretary. Rev. George G. Skinner, of Salem, Ohio, and T. H. Cyus, of Cannonsburg, were elected marshalls, which completed the organization with the exception of the appointment of reporters—Rev. W. S. Lowery, of Uniontown being appointed to report for the *Christian Recorder*, and Rev. George Skinner, for the daily papers, which duties these gentlemen performed admirably.

Most of the morning session was taken up with reports of the condition of the church and the work relating to the several departments.

A topic that elicited more than passing interest was the subject of laws in relation to the licensing of women to preach and also reporting her to the annual conference in the list of local preachers. It was discussed briefly, but did not draw forth any definite decision from the Bishop. He, however, referred to one woman having been elected as lay delegate to the general conference to be held in Baltimore, Md., next May.

Rev. C. Asbury claimed in case a woman is licensed by a regular quarterly conference an elder she should be reported and received as a regular local preacher.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Reports of the churches composing the Conference were read and received, after which the characters of the members of the Conference were examined, all being found blameless. Four persons were presented for admission, and were placed in the hands of the committee on admission.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.

The meeting held in the church last evening began at 7:30 o'clock. There was quite a large congregation present, including many white people. The exercises began with the singing of several lively hymns which excelled in that peculiar melody that can be heard only in music rendered by such congregations. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. J. Norris, of Monongahela City. Bishop Shorter then introduced Rev. S. T. Jones, of Little Washington, who, he said, was a father in the Conference.

Rev. Jones announced for his text II Timothy ii, 3: "Thou therefore endure hardness, as a good soldier of Jesus Christ." It was an exhortation to the young members of the conference and those who are preparing for the ministry to overcome the obstacles which obstruct their pathway. The speaker believes in an educated ministry and congratulated the young men on the advantages which they have in fitting themselves for the work, which, he said, are greater than in his youthful days. What Paul endured would completely discourage the modern minister. The speaker said he had been in the work during the past thirty years, and rejoiced in it continually.

Bishop Shorter followed with remarks on several subjects of interest. In the course of his speech he said that he had been in the ministry for almost forty years, most of which time he has been in this conference. He preached in Bellefonte thirty years ago. It is only recently that he has come into Bellefonte without descending a hill to do so, but of late he has entered the town by rail. He remembers an instance which occurred while he lived here, that illustrates the optical delusion which the numerous hills cause. A resident of Bald Eagle Valley departed from town one evening after, as he supposed, the sun had set, but was surprised, on reaching home, to discover that Old Sol was still an hour high.

The Bishop's remarks were followed with prayer by Rev. Dr. Arnett, of Nashville, Tenn. This was one of the most beautiful and impressive petitions to the throne of grace we ever listened to. The service closed about 9:30.

THURSDAY MORNING.

Conference met at 9 o'clock, the usual devotional exercises being conducted by Rev. J. Norris. Rev. G. D. Penepacker, who was present, was introduced to the Conference and invited to a seat within the bar. Roll was called, members answering to their names. The minutes were read and adopted. In relation to the place of holding the next Conference, Meadville and Washington were named as suitable places, and when a vote was taken the latter was found to be the choice of the Conference.

The election of delegates to the General Conference followed. Revs. Asbury, Brown, Sampson and Lowrie were nominated. Revs. Asbury and Sampson receiving the largest number of votes, were declared elected. Revs. Brown and Norris were elected alternates.

A motion to petition the General Conference to detach Salem, Ohio, from the Pittsburg Conference and attach it to the North Ohio Conference was adopted.

Rev. B. W. Arnett, D. D., spoke at some length on the financial condition of the church, showing that there has been a marked improvement during the four years of Bishop Shorter's administration.

Rev. T. Gould, business manager of A. M. E. Book Concern, delivered eloquent and forcible remarks in relation to the growth of the church.

The afternoon of Thursday was occupied with the receiving of reports and the examination of candidates for the ministry, of which we believe there are five. This was not completed and was continued until a future date.

THURSDAY EVENING.

Conference assembled at 7.30 o'clock to hear the annual missionary sermon. Hymn No. 1043 was sung: "Arise and shine, oh Zion fair." A prayer followed by Rev. J. J. Jones. Bishop Shorter then introduced Rev. W. S. Lowery, who announced his text from Zachariah 9th chap. and latter clause of 10th verse—"And His dominion shall be from sea to sea," &c. Rev. Lowery preached an instructive and eloquent sermon which brought forth many responses.

The Conference then went into annual missionary session to which every member of the Conference belongs, each individual contribution being one dollar per year. A general collection was also taken, the entire amount collected being $52. Benediction by Rev. Arnett, D. D. The session on Thursday evening was more largely attended than any that preceded it.

FRIDAY MORNING

Conference met at 9 o'clock a. m., the devotional exercises being conducted by Rev. W. G. Ralph. The roll call showed all the members present. The minutes of the previous day's sessions were read and adopted.

The committee on third and fourth years' studies reported recommending that Rev. J. J. Norris be passed to fourth year's studies and that Rev. Richard Tanner be ordained an elder.

The committee on education reported, the report being read by Rev. Morris. It urged upon the people the necessity of educating the head as well as the heart, that they may be enabled to fill the highest positions in life to which they may be called, both in and out of the pulpit.

The committee on the state and condition of the country reported, in response to which Rev. Dr. Arnett delivered the most eloquent and instructive address that has yet been made during the Conference. Rev. T. Gould also spoke on the same subject. The closing address was made by Dr. Morris, who related some facts which were unknown by his hearers. The Benediction was pronounced and Conference adjourned.

FRIDAY EVENING.

A sermon was delivered by Rev. W. H. Offer, after which an experience meeting was held. Elder Gould inquired if there were any present who desired the prayers of the Conference. Two responded and came forward for prayer. Adjourned with the Benediction.

SATURDAY MORNING.

Devotional exercises by Rev. A. R. Palmer. The roll was called, showing a large proportion present. The minutes were read and approved. The committee on admission recommended for admission Sylvester Burrell, A. H. Grant and S. H. Lacy (who is transferred from the Mississippi Conference); for deacon's orders: I. N. Ross and G. G. Skinner; local deacons, J. H. Pangburn, G. W. Webster and J. Bell.

SUNDAY AFTERNOON.

The members of the A. M. E. Conference acceptably filled most of the pulpits of this place on Sunday. Those who were not engaged in this way participated in interesting services in the Court House. The meeting held in the latter building at 3 o'clock in the afternoon attracted an immense audience, scores of people being turned away. We arrived just in time to be thoroughly squeezed in the rear end of the centre aisle. As there were many ladies in the throng that occupied the aisle the squeezing was endurable. As we entered, Rev. Mr. Jones was just concluding his remarks to the ministers who were to be ordained, which included the candidates already mentioned in the proceedings of Saturday morning.

Among other interesting proceedings a collection was taken in a novel way. A table was placed near the railing which divides the bar from the audience room and everybody invited to come forward and place their donations on the table. The people present (young, old and indifferent) pressed forward. Quite appropriately, A. O. Furst, Esq., was the *first* to deposit his donation on the table. He is and always has been *Furst* in war, *Furst* in peace and *Furst* in the hearts of his townsmen. After about thirty dollars were collected in this way, papers were passed around and subscriptions taken, the collection amounting to almost $50.

CONFERENCE NOTES.

The Conference passed a resolution authorizing Rev. J. J. Jones to act as traveling agent to collect money to educate ministers and teachers for Africa at Wilberforce University, Ohio, under Bishop H. W. Turner, D. D., and retain membership in the Pittsburgh Conference. Rev. Jones begins his work here. We wish him success in this commendable cause. He is a talented young minister and his work will be fruitful of good results.

Rev. W. S. Lowery delivered an excellent sermon in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning Subject, "The promise to Faithful Teachers." Daniel 12:3: "They that be wise," &c.

Rev. G. G. Skinner occupied the pulpit in the church at Valentines' Ironworks on Sunday morning, preaching to a large and interested audience. In addition to being intellectually bright, Rev. S. is quite handsome in appearance.

An Enterprise that is Certain of Success.

Railroad schemes in Centre county are so fruitless of tangible results as to be almost unworthy of mention. The sale of the car works and the erection of huge furnaces may be classed in the same category. They are almost all idle speculation.

But with the steam heating scheme it is different. It is a reality, and already we can in imagination—that imagination which "Disy" desires us to cultivate—almost feel the warm waves of air that are emited from the steam radiators.

Several car loads of iron for the steam heating company are here. Wooden pipe will also soon arrive from Michigan inside of which the iron pipe will be placed before it is put under the ground. The wood will retain the heat, but to guard against decay it will be covered with asbestos. The wooden pipe is all prepared for use in Michigan, before being sent here. The company have secured the services of Mr. Chase, of New York City, who will reside in this place and attend to the mechanical work of the new enterprise. He is as familiar with the various details of the work as anybody in the country and the company were fortunate in obtaining him. The first part of the preparation will be to fit the houses on the proposed route with radiators which will soon be done. Six thousand feet of pipe will be put down along the principal thoroughfares, and that amount will be increased as there is a demand for this new means of furnishing heat. The members of the company anticipate that they will have the work accomplished by the 1st of December, and those who are so fortunate as to be supplied with the heating apparatus will be kept so warm that they wont know it is winter.

That the enterprise may be popularized as much as possible and that the public may get the benefit of expected profits stock is offered for sale at par value. Those who know the most about it are confident that it will be an excellent investment.

—A reporter of the Philipsburg *Journal* says that there are more stables on the public streets in that place than any other town he was ever in. On almost any street you will notice that stables occupy the space on which, in the *Journal's* opinion, should be erected dwelling houses. It doesn't speak well for any town to have the public thoroughfares built up with stables, pig pens, chicken coops and other similar buildings. It not only spoils the beauty of the town, but is detrimental in causing sickness, and causes visitors to make remarks to that effect. It is the *Journal's* opinion—and we freely corroborate the statement, that the town authorities should see to it that no more such buildings be constructed along the public streets. The *Journal's* strictures in reference to Philipsburg will apply to some extent in Bellefonte.

—Mr. John Bartruff, the genial wagon-manufacturer, didn't walk very gracefully last week, but is able to do better now. During the early part of the week he sprained an ankle. As his presence at his business headquarters is indispensable, he couldn't lay the injured member up for repairs. Some people supposed he was under the influence of too much Saturday night.

Personal Pencilings.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant, of Berwick, are visiting friends and relatives in Milesburg.

Mr. James Henderson, of the Steel Works, returned from New York this morning.

Mrs. Carlile, of Philadelphia, is a guest at the Protestant Episcopal Rectory in this place.

Mr. Thomas Myers of lock Haven, has killed sixty-seven squirrels since the season opened.

Prof. W. L. Meyer, a bright and talented musician of Aaronsburg, is about to remove to Shamokin.

Rev. Prof. Wolf, of Spring Mills, was in town on Saturday and held an examintion of teachers in the morning.

Mr. Harvey Corman, a well known citizen of Miles township, greeted his acquaintances in Bellefonte on Saturday.

Mrs. Leichten, (*nee* Pauline Lyon) of Reynoldsville, is spending a few weeks at the home of her parents in this place.

Treasurer Keller has returned from a trip to the Buckeye state, where he has been engaged in buying up 100 head of cattle.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Seibert, of Harrisburg, are guests at the hospitable home of our popular townsman, Mr. C. T. Gerberich.

Mr. C. G. McMillen, proprietor of the Brockerhoff House, will put a handsome new omnibus on the road in a few days. Look out for it.

Mr. George Tate of Valentines' Ironworks departed on the 5 o'clock p. m. train Thursday to attend a soldiers' reunion in Huntingdon.

Mr. Emanuel Wolf, one of the well known and highly respected citizens of Boalsburg, gave us the pleasure of his presence a few minutes on Wednesday.

Our legal friend, H. A. McKee, Esq., started on Monday, the 1st, for Colorado, where he will remain for some time, thoroughly inspecting that part of the Great West.

Mr. Charles Cook, chief clerk in Thompson's store, Lemont, looked in upon us recently. Mr. C. is a genial soul, and one of the most experienced salesmen in the county.

Mr. L. C. Runkle, a graduate of the State Normal School at Lock Haven, is to take charge of the graded school at Howard this winter. He comes with an excellent reputation for ability.

Mr. Jno. T. Fowler, the veteran lumber merchant from up the valley, was in town last week and dropped in for a few minutes' chat. That honest, good-natured look has not yet left his face.

Miss Sarah Benner, sister of Mr. Harvey H. Benner, left Wednesday morning on a visit to relatives in Pottsville, Chester county, and Philadelphia. She is accompanied by her niece, Miss Morris.

Miss Sallie K. Smith, one of the accomplished young ladies of Howard, has taken charge of a school at Milesburg. We bespeak for Miss S. a successful year as she has had considerable experience as a teacher and is much beloved by her pupils.

Clem. Dale, Esq., is at home again after two weeks' absence, the greater part of which he says was spent in Philadelphia. Now we would like to find out how that rumor in regard to his presence in Altoona was circulated and believed so generally.

Mr. Aaron Williams left on the 5:45 a. m. train on Wednesday for Fort Collins, Colorado, where he will meet H. A. McKee, Esq., who preceded him. From Fort Collins they will proceed a hundred miles or more further west to hunt for deer, buffalo and other big game. They profess to fear neither cowboys nor Indians, but, nevertheless, their friends in the East think they would do well to keep both eyes open.

Gov. A. G. Curtin, who accompanied the Villard party in their recent excursion over the Northern Pacific railroad, just returned to his home. One evening of last week, as the sun was sinking behind the western horizon, he entertained a party of Bellefonte citizens who gathered around him in front of the National Bank, presenting before them graphic word paintings of the scenes and incidents of the trip. The Governor is equally happy as a conversationalist and an orator.

We received a call on Saturday from two colored gentlemen who hail from the Pacific slope—Messrs. Geo. H. Welsh and J. H. Riley. Both gentlemen were raised in Bellefonte, the former being a son of the late Mr. John Welsh. Mr. Welsh has traveled over considerable country for one of his years, having spent some time in touring through the Chinese empire. The gentlemen have been visiting several months in this part of country and will shortly return to their home in San Francisco.

Mr. Will Hoffer, of Boalsburg, spent Sunday in town.

P. G. Meek and ex-Gov. Curtin were passengers on the east bound train Monday morning.

Will Auchenbach went to Williamsport on Saturday. We wonder if he will go horseback riding in that city.

Mrs. Bernhard C. Lyon and her daughter, Miss Tillie Lyon, of Linn street, are visiting relatives and friends in Philadelphia.

Miss Kate Green, of Milesburg, started for Kansas a few days ago to be gone some time. She will be the guest of a sister while in that state.

Mr. Jackson, senior member of the car-building firm of Jackson & Woodin, Berwick, spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. W. F. Reeder, in this place.

Prof. Charles Heebner, who taught with great acceptance in the Bellefonte Academy two or three years ago, is now reading law in Philadelphia.

Mr. Albert Nicholls, of Brooklyn, was in town from Monday until Thursday evening, and although we met and shook hands with him, we forgot to record his presence in black and white until now.

Mr. W. W. Bayard, formerly Walter Bayard of Green's drug store, and now the manager of the leading drug and perfumery establishment of Houtzdale, spent a few hours of Saturday in Bellefonte.

Mr. Charles Leathers, of Howard, while gunning on Bald Eagle mountain recently, killed three turkeys with one shot. So says the *Gazette and Bulletin*, of Williamsport, which for veracity is only second to George Washington.

Rev. John Hewitt, rector of the Episcopal church, accompanied by Mr. George Hale, left on Monday evening on a trip to the West. Mr. Hewitt will visit his brother, and expects to be absent about two weeks. He has officiated at the regular services of the church during an uninterrupted period of almost seventeen months and anticipates much physical benefit from the brief recreation We wish him a pleasant journey and safe return.

Installation of Officers.

The semi-annual installation of officers of the Odd Fellows lodge was held Thursday evening. Dist. Deputy Grand Master Beck was the installing officer and was assisted by Past Grands Pontius, Sternberg and Benner. The officers installed were as follows: Noble Grand, H. C. Weaver; Vice Grand, Andrew Hazel; Ass't. Secretary, George H. Nyman. The Noble Grand then made the following appointments: W. I. Fleming, R. S.; A. Sternberg, N. S.; W. B. Rankin, W.; B. Galbraith, Janitor; Uriah Stover, R. S. S. The Vice Grand appointed H. S. Griffith, R. S. Some of the appointive positions are yet to be filled.

A Wedding at Pleasant Gap.

HARRISON—BARNES.—At the residence of the bride, on the evening of October 4, by the Rev. J. A. Mattern, Mr. John F. Harrison, Jr., to Miss Jennie E. Barnes, both of Pleasant Gap, Centre county, Pa.

The happy event announced in the above notice drew together a large number of friends of both the bride and groom, including many from Bellefonte. The ceremony passed off delightfully, the feast of good things was quite elaborate and the congratulations were hearty and earnest. They are worthy of all the good fortune that can come to them and have our best wishes for their future.

—The annual inspection of the Pennsylvania railroad company takes place the first week in November. The officers of the company will be accompanied in the inspection by T. Wilde Powell, of the firm of Hazletine & Powell, London bankers. The trackometer is now running over the road in charge of Mr. William Kinch, of Altoona.

—The powder explosions incident to the work of tearing down the arches of the bridge saluted our ears last Wednesday. Stones flew in all directions and it was comparatively safe to remain a respectful distance away from the operations.

MARRIED.

FOUST—VAUGHN.—At the residence of the groom, in Sandy Ridge, September 29th, by Rev. J. K. Lloyd, of Woodland, Mr. William Foust and Miss JennieVaughn, both of Sandy Ridge, Centre county, Pa.

MILLER—LANE.—At the residence of the bride's parents, in Sandy Ridge, September 30th, by Rev. J. K. Lloyd, of Woodland, Mr. Alexander Miller and Miss Alice M. Lane, both of Sandy Ridge, Centre county, Pa.

McKINNEY—BECHTOL.—At the residence of William Haines, Snow Shoe, September 27, by Rev. M. L. Jackson, Edward McKinney and Clara Bechtol, both of Snow Shoe.

MULLEN—ARNEY.—On Sept. 27, at the residence of the bride, by Rev. S. M. Reeder, Mr. John F. Mullen, of Renovo, Pa., and Miss Lizzie Arney, of Centre Hall.

GARIS—RUNKLE.—On the 16th ult., at the minister's residence in Brush Valley, by Rev. Israel Vonada, Mr. James Garis and Miss Mary A. Runkle, both of Potter's Mills.

FARLEMAN—MURTIFF.—On the 27th ult., at the Evangelical parsonage, Thompsontown, Pa., by Rev. E. D. Keen, Mr. J. T. Farleman and Miss Cora J. Murtiff, both of Mexico, Juniata county, Pa.